The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XXI. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1846. No. 2922.

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS,
For one inch and under, Three Shillings, and One Shilling for every additional inch for each insertion

The only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "Sydney Morning Herald" (except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are Mr. Wm. Ball *and* Mr. Alfred Fairfax, *Collectors, Sydney;* Mr. Wm. Tebbs, *Bathurst;* Mr. Laban White, *Windsor;* Mr. Hugh Taylor, *Parramatta;* Mr. A. W. Labymore, *Maitland and Wollombi;* Mr. John Brown, *Campbelltown;* Mr. John Coleman, *Penrith;* Mr. Thomas W. Palmer, Deputy Postmaster, *Wollongong;* Mr. Robert Craig, Cabinetmaker, *Goulburn;* Mr. Stephen Nutter, *Queanbeyan;* Mr. Thomas Hope, Deputy Postmaster, *Singleton and Jerry's Plains;* Mr. William Pritchard, Deputy Postmaster, *Liverpool;* Mr. Michael Doyle, *Berrima;* Mr. Robert Davison, *for the District of Gundagai;* Mr. Thomas Dowse, *Moreton Bay;* Mr. John Houlding, Postmaster, *Raymond Terrace;* Mr. Pierce Hegarty, *Muscleb rook;* Mr. Horatio Torrr, *Port Macquarie;* Mr. Henry Alderson, *Clarence River;* Mr. J. B. Rundle, *Murrurundi and Scone;* Mr. R. C. Harrison, *Yass;* Mr. W. H. Mortimer, *Port Phillip;* Mr. Wm. B. Rhodes, *Wellington, Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand;* Mr. U. B. Barfoot, *Van Diemen's Land; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of the Proprietors,* "Kemp and Fairfax," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged.*

The "Sydney Morning Herald" is Published every Morning (Sundays excepted); and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods only can Subscribers decline by giving Notice, and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter. Advertisements *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a. m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post-paid, or they will not be taken in.*

"CORNUBIA" FOR THE HUNTER.



EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY Evening, at 8 o'clock.
CABIN, 4s. FORECABIN, 1s.
Kellick's Wharf. 781

STEAM TO MORETON BAY.



THE STEAM-PACKET *TAMAR*, J. Allen, commander, will be dispatched for South Brisbane
To-Morrow, THURSDAY, the 1st OCTOBER, At 8 o'clock, P.M.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
H.R.S.N. Company's Wharf.
REDUCED FARES.
Cabin £4
Steerage £2
NOTICE.—Goods for shipment will require to be alongside by noon of Thursday. 4986

STEAMER TO CLARENCE RIVER.



THE *WILLIAM THE FOURTH*, steam-racket, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock.
Kellick's Wharf, September 30. 5010

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON,
CALLING AT EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.



THE Iron Steam-ship *SHAMROCK*, G. Gilmore, commander, will sail for the above ports
To-Morrow, THURSDAY, the 1st of OCTOBER, At 5 o'clock, afternoon.
NOTICE.—Custom house entries will require to be passed, and the goods alongside by noon of Thursday; and Passengers are requested to leave their names at the wharf by same hour, for clearance by the Water Police.
JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.
H.R.S.N. Company's Wharf. 4985

FOR THE RICHMOND RIVER,



THE new Schooner *PRIMUS*.
For freight or passengers apply to
H. R. WHITTEL AND CO.
September 30.
FOR SALE,
20,000 feet prime Richmond Cedar.
5078 H. R. W. AND CO.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.



THE Packet Schooner *MARY ANN*, 70 tons, will positively leave the Commercial Wharf to-morrow evening, at three o'clock. This vessel will receive the return cargo of the steamer *Maitland* until her repairs are completed.
WM. DALTON.
September 29. 5097

MELBOURNE.



THE BRIG *CHRISTINA*, W. H. Saunders, master, will positively clear on Saturday, and sail on Sunday, for the above port, on her return from Newcastle. For freight or passage apply to
JOHN SMITH, Sussex-street.
September 29. 5071

FOR MELBOURNE,



THE new clipper Brig *PERI*, C. Gwatkin, master, shortly expected from Launceston. This vessel is coppered, has been fitted expressly for convenience of passengers, and will sail with what freight offers immediately on discharge of the inward cargo. There is a separate cabin for ladies or families. For freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-hill.
4878

FOR HOBART TOWN.
(WILL HAVE QUICK DESPATCH.)



THE well-known favorite packet *WATERLILY*, 185 tons register, J. B. Blackbourn, Commander.
This vessel will be ready to receive cargo on Friday next, and will have quick despatch. Parties having goods on board will please pass their entries immediately, that the discharge may not be delayed.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Circular Wharf; or to
JOHN MACNAMARA, Hobart Town Packet Office, Queen-street.
September 29. 5087

FOR HOBART TOWN DIRECT.



THE SCHOONER *REBECCA*, 90 tons burthen, will be despatched for the above, on Sunday, the 4th October, positively, when a few passengers can be taken at a very moderate rate.
Apply to
JAMES COOK, Commercial Wharf.
September 29. 5036

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.
(TO SUCCEED THE BRIG "MAUKIN.")



THE FINE BARQUE *AVOCA*, 234 tons register, Captain Howey.
Will be ready to receive goods This Day, and sail in days after.
For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street.
September 30. 4869

FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT,



THE Packet Brig *MAUKIN*, Captain Cooney. The vessel will assuredly sail This Day.
For passage apply to
WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street.
September 30. 4872

FOR AUCKLAND AND HOKIANGA.



THE first-class Ship *WILLIAM HYDE*, 532 tons, Captain Steward, will be ready to take in cargo, on Saturday next, and proceed to sea in twelve days. For freight or passage apply on board, to Captain Stewart, or to
LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO., Agents, George-street.
September 30. 5110

FOR VALPARAISO DIRECT.



THE first-class barque *CAPTAIN ROSS*, William Macarthur, commander, 310 tons register. Has excellent cabin accommodation. Apply to
ROBERT HOW AND CO., Lower George-street.
4041

FOR NELSON, PORT NICHOLSON, AND AUCKLAND,



THE fine A1 Barque *CLARA*, James Crow, commander, will sail for the above ports about the 5th October, and having a large portion of cargo on board offers a desirable opportunity for shippers and passengers. Apply on board; or to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Spring-street.
4752

FOR LONDON.
TO SAIL ON THE 15TH OCTOBER.



THE first-class British built barque *RAJAH*, Charles Ferguson, Commander, 352 tons register; has room for light freight only. Apply to Captain Ferguson, on board; to
ROBERT HOW AND CO.; or to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
Sydney, September 17. 4464

FOR LONDON.
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS ONLY.



THE FINE BARQUE *FANNY*, A1, 273 tons, M. Andrew, commander, having all her dead weight on board, will meet with immediate despatch. Apply to the Captain, on board; or, to
J. B. METCALFE.
September 14. 4192

FOR LONDON DIRECT,



THE first-class British-built barque, *PENYARD PARK*, 400 tons burthen, James Weller, commander.
This vessel will have quick despatch, has excellent accommodations for passengers, and carries an experienced surgeon.
For freight or passage, apply to Captain Weller, on board; or to
FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.
44, Hunter-street, August 17. 7182

FOR LONDON.



THE first-class British built barque *HEREFORD*, 261 tons, A. Reaburn, commander. Application to be made to the Captain, on board; to
THACKER AND CO., or to
4193 J. B. METCALFE.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.



THE first-class British-built BARQUE *GOLDEN SPRING*, 316 tons register, Hugh Pool, master, will meet with despatch, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board; or to
5590 J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.

TO MR. JOHN KELLICK.

WE, the undersigned, Electors of Cook Ward, request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as a Candidate to represent us in the City Council, and we pledge ourselves to use our most strenuous and united exertions in securing your return.

John Marsh	Walter Shoults
Thomas Hughes	James Todd
James Terry	James Tracy
William Terry	William Reilley
James Murphy	Adam Bond
Thomas Ferrier	Emanuel Martin
Theodore J. Jaques	John Friendlander
George Scoot	Thomas Collins
William Caulfield	Thomas Stretch
John Ellis	P. L. Bemi
John Nelson	John Shaw
James Woodhart	Patrick Maher
William Bradshaw	J. Shaw
George Evans	John Hill
John Evans	William Osborne
Thomas Brown	John Nowlan
F. Harley	Robert Taylor
Samuel Benson	Lot Mamix
Michael White	M. Katen
P. Tallant	Robert Lord
J. Kinnear	M. Murnane
William Kelley	J. Conway
James Kelley	John Kenealy
J. Flood	M. Sullivan
Peter Ford	William Tate
John Harper	M. Hill
Thomas Hart	Edward Wild
James Bryers	John Gorman
John Carney	D. Pearing
Anson Morton	John Rae.
Thomas Flood	

Phillip-street, September 22nd, 1846.

GENTLEMEN,—I return you my sincere thanks for the honour you have conferred upon me, in requesting me to become your Representative in the City Council for your Ward.
I need only add, that I have much pleasure in acceding to your wishes, and beg leave to assure you, if I am elected, nothing shall prevent me from using my utmost exertions at all times in promoting your interests and the city generally.
I am, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
JOHN KELLICK.
To Mr. John Marsh,
And the other Gentlemen signing the Requisition. 4744

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL,
DICKSON-STREET, LIVERPOOL-STREET WEST, SYDNEY,
CONDUCTED BY MESSRS. LAUGHTON AND O'BRIEN.

THE business of the above school will be commenced on Thursday Morning, the first of October, 1846. Hours of daily instruction, from nine to half-past twelve; and from two to four
Terms—Eight pounds per annum, including stationery, and payable quarterly in advance. 4931

PRIVATE EDUCATION.

THE Rev. G. E. Turner has a vacancy for a pupil.
Ryde Parsonage, near Kissing Point. 4997

£1000. £500. £500.

THE above Sums ready for immediate investment, at 8 per cent. 277, Castlereagh-street, opposite the Old Court House. 4924

MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE,
555, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,
(Next door to the Bank of Australasia.)

THE undersigned continue to grant POLICIES on account of THE PHŒNIX MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALCUTTA, payable in Sydney or in London, Calcutta, Bombay, and China, at the option of the assured. POLICIES will be issued to the extent of £5000 on goods by approved vessels to London or Liverpool.
SMITH AND CAMPBELL,
Agents for the Phœnix Insurance Company.
Sydney, August 25.

FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE,
555, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,
(Next door to the Bank of Australasia.)

THE undersigned, as Agents for THE IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, continue to grant POLICIES on Buildings in Sydney and its vicinity, against loss or damage by fire.
SMITH AND CAMPBELL
Agents for the Imperial Insurance Company.
Sydney, August 25.

MR. IMBERG has the honour to inform the residents of Sydney and its vicinity, that he intends giving instructions on the pianoforte, and will be happy to receive a limited number of pupils. Mr. Imberg's system of instruction is according to the principles of Herz and Moscheles; and having had much experience in the most musical cities of Europe, he is confident he can impart to his pupils the most modern and improved style of performing on the pianoforte.
Communications addressed to Messrs. Kern and Mader, of Hunter-street, or Mr. Eliard, George-street, will be immediately attended to.
Sydney, September 4.

Mr. Ravac has much pleasure in recommending, as a teacher of music, to his friends and the public of Sydney, Mr. Imberg, and feels confident in recommending him as being competent to give instruction on the pianoforte in the most modern and improved style, as at present adopted in the principal cities of Europe.
LEOPOLD RAVAC.
Sydney, September 5. 4853

MASONIC HALL, YORK-STREET.

IT being in contemplation to dispose of the above freehold premises by Private Contract, parties desirous of purchasing the same are invited to send in their respective offers, in writing, sealed and addressed to the Directors, at the Masonic Hall, on or before noon on Wednesday, the fourteenth day of October next.

(Signed) GEORGE WILKIE, ISAAC TITTERTON, GEORGE TALBOT, Directors.
Sydney, September 22. 4788

BATHURST.

G. FLOWER AND CO.'S NEW STORES, DURHAM-STREET.
REDUCTION IN PRICE OF WINTER GOODS.

IN order to make room for supplies daily expected, G. Flower and Co. have made such a reduction, as will enable them to clear out the whole of their stock of woollen clothing, blankets, &c. Purchasers in want of useful goods have now an opportunity of supplying themselves, at prices as yet unheard of in this district.
They have on hand a good supply of woolpacks, three-bushel bags, Wilkinson's shears, black, sperm, and paint oils, turpentine, corrosive sublimate, spirits, wines, &c.
Bathurst, September 5. 3999

MARINE HOTEL,
WOLLONGONG.

S. RUSSELL begs to acquaint the inhabitants of Illawarra, and all who are desirous of visiting this highly interesting and beautiful district, either for pleasure or health, that he has opened the above large establishment, relying on a generous public for support.
S. Russell flatters himself that families and gentlemen will find in his house all that they can desire, having been expressly fitted up with an adjoining cottage, for their use.
To invalids it offers many advantages, for it is within three minutes' walk of the steamboat, and also of the sea beach. The views from its verandahs are most enchanting, Mounts Keera and Kembla in front, and the sea and Five Islands in the rear.
S. Russell, to induce parties to remain at so delightful a spot, "the Brighton of Sydney, for health and recreation," is determined to make his charges moderate,

	s.	d.
Breakfast	2	0
Dinner, plain	2	6
Tea	1	3
Bed	2	0
Sitting Room	5	0
Servants, per day	1	0

Wines and English bottled beer, of excellent quality at equally low prices.
Visitors from Sydney may reckon on always finding accommodation in his house, there being six sitting and nine bed-rooms
N.B.—Ponies will be kept during the summer season for the amusement of children.
The steamboat, as soon as her new boilers are in, will leave Sydney every Saturday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at nine o'clock, from Kellick's Wharf, returning the following days. It is expected the trip will generally be made in six hours.
August 31. 3750

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, in consequence of ill health, has been compelled to relinquish the painting business. He takes this opportunity of recommending to the notice of his friends and customers Mr. Henry Doughty, who is fully competent to execute any orders they may oblige him with.
GEORGE FITCHETT, Painter, &c.
5053

THE undersigned takes this opportunity of informing the friends and customers of Mr. George Fitchett, painter, &c., that he will undertake and execute all orders conferred on him, with good material, workmanship, punctuality, and on reasonable terms.
HENRY DOUGHTY, House Painter, &c., Kent-street South,
5054 Between Bathurst and Liverpool streets.

SQUARE PIANOFORTE.
FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

A VERY superior Mahogany Square Pianoforte, by Broadwood; a first-rate instrument, and will be sold reasonable. Cards to view can be obtained at
Mr. BLACKMAN'S,
5089 Auction Rooms, 489, George-street.

TO THE LADIES.
SELLING OFF:

MRS. WOOLCOTT begs to announce to the ladies of the colony, that she will commence THIS DAY, the 28th instant, to sell off her well-selected stock of Berlin Wool, Patterns, &c., &c., Children's Dresses and Baby Linen. The whole will be sold considerably under prime cost.
475, GEORGE-STREET.
The premises to Let. 4959

IMPORTANT TO THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

SEVENTY (70) CASES NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

DAVID JONES AND Co. respectfully inform ladies, their friends, and the public generally, that they have received, ex *Berkshire* and *Urgent*, one of the largest and richest shipments of fancy and family Drapery Goods ever imported into this colony. The whole will be ready for inspection in a few days, and the fullest particulars given in future advertisements.
George-street, September 29. 5096

MR. W. H. BURNETT'S
PATENT
PLANING AND MOULDING MACHINES.
TO SAW-MILL PROPRIETORS, BUILDERS, TIMBER MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS.

MR. W. H. BURNETT'S PATENT PLANING AND MOULDING MACHINES are now being erected at a very small cost, and Licenses to use them are granted on moderate terms.
As these Machines can Plane and Mould simultaneously one, two, three, or all the four surfaces of boards at pleasure, they are calculated to prepare almost every article in running Joiners' work, such as mouldings, flooring boards, whether plain or tongued and grooved, the various portions of window-sashes, skirtings, architraves, stiles and rails of doors, panel-stuff, spoutings, &c., &c.
The quantity and quality of the work produced by these Machines may be judged of by the annexed Testimonials, from some of the leading Architects and Engineers of the day, and the Machines may be seen in practical work, by parties treating for licenses.
As not only flooring boards, but also the more costly portions of joiners' work are prepared by these machines, even when they are only partially employed, the pecuniary advantages are very great.

Testimonials as given by Mr. Charles Barry, Mr. Decimus Burton, Mr. Philip Hardwick, Mr. George Smith, Mr. Charles Lee, Architects; and Sir Mark Isambard Brunel, Mr. George Rennie, Mr. Joseph Miller, Mr. John Penn, Engineers, respecting Mr. W. H. Burnett's Patent Machinery for Working Wood.
Having seen in action Mr. W. H. Burnett's Patent Machinery for Planing and Moulding Wood, and having examined the work executed thereby in my presence (at the rate of upwards of eighty feet per minute), I am of opinion that it is of a very superior quality.
The work so prepared was planed on the four sides and moulded simultaneously.
I consider Mr. W. H. Burnett's Invention to be of great value, not only on account of the accuracy and perfection which it ensures to the work, but also on account of its great economy and despatch.
(Signed) CHARLES BARRY.
Similar testimonials given by Mr. Decimus Burton, Mr. Philip Hardwick, And Mr. George Smith, } Architects.
Sir Mark Isambard Brunel, of Rotherhithe, in the county of Surry, Knight, maketh oath and saith, that in his profession of Engineer he has had very great experience in the construction and practical working of every description of Sawing and other Machinery for cutting wood; and that he, this deponent, inspected the Machine for Planing and for running out the various portions of window-sashes, and other similar articles, invented and patented by William Hickling Burnett, and which machine this deponent examined in great detail; and this deponent saith that he is greatly pleased with the invention and contrivance of the said machine, which is perfectly adapted to perform and execute either plain or moulded wood-work, and that its various parts are designed and fitted in a thoroughly mechanical manner to execute either sort of work, and that the work run out by the said machine in this deponent's presence was so run out in a very perfect manner, and at a very rapid rate; and this deponent further saith, that if furnished with proper sets of tools and proper grinding apparatus, he is convinced that the said machine could be kept working at an equal rate during the day, and with very great profit and advantage, and that the work so produced would be more accurate than any which is made by hand.
(Signed) M. I. BRUNEL.
Sworn at the Public Office, Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, before me,
(Signed) W. HORNE.
Similar testimonials were given by Mr. George Rennie, Mr. Joseph Miller, And Mr. John Penn, } Engineers.
Charles Lee, of 20, Golden Square, in the County of Middlesex, maketh oath and saith, that he is an Architect and Surveyor, of long experience and great practice, and that he inspected Mr. Burnett's patent Planing Machine at work, and that the work produced by it in his presence was of a very perfect character, and superior in every respect to that produced by hand labour. And this deponent further saith, that he is well acquainted with practical joinery in all its branches, and with the prices paid for hand labour; and that if the said machine were kept working at the rate witnessed by the deponent for ten hours in each day, upon the various articles for which it is calculated, it would in that time do the work of two hundred and fifty joiners, and that the average wages of such joiners would be thirty shillings per week per man; and this deponent further saith, that during the time the said machine was at work in his presence, only two men and a boy were employed upon it.
(Signed) CHARLES LEE.
Sworn at the Public Office, Southampton Buildings, London, before me.
(Signed) W. HORNE.

The terms for Licenses, cost of the machines, and all other particulars can be ascertained by application to the Undersigned, 398, Pitt-street, Sydney, who will exhibit samples of the work, and are authorised to sell either two separate licenses or one exclusive license, under the patent.
5058 DONALDSON AND CO.

LEECHES! LEECHES!!

JUST received from the Interior, a fresh supply of fine healthy Leeches.
C. M. PENNY, Dispensing Chemist.
558, George-street, near Bridge-street. 5062

JOSEPH THOMPSON AND SON

266, Pitt-street, beg to announce to families about furnishing, that they have just opened a large stock, comprising every article suitable for the above purpose, in such variety that they flatter themselves will give universal satisfaction, and beg to call attention to the following list, viz.—
Brussels carpeting
Imperial ditto
Super Kidderminster ditto
Stair ditto
Grecian ditto, 6-4 wide
With a variety of rugs to match
ALSO,—
Rich damasks, in every colour
Ditto watered moreens, ditto
White dimities
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, and 7-4 white toilet covers
8-4, 10-4, and 11-4 super cot sheeting
10-4 linen ditto
Window hollands, from 36 to 54 inch wide
Striped and figured window muslins
Figured-bordered ditto
6-4 and 12-4 white musquito net
White, blue, amber, and green Lenos
Furniture chintzes and linings to match
White mash and bullion fringes
3, 4, and 5 inch coloured bullion ditto
1, 1½, 1¾, and 3 inch toilet ditto
Floss and orris laces
Sofa gimps and window line
With a few cases of most superior 6-4, 7-4, 9-4, and 10-4 damask and double damask table linen ever seen in the colony
A large assortment of coloured and embossed table covers
8-4, 6-4, and 7-4 wax cloths, in piece
5-4, 6-4, and 7-4 centred ditto, in single covers
All of which have been selected by their own agent, and can be warranted of the best quality. 4977

ON SALE by the undersigned, at prices that will defy competition—
Bleached East Coker canvas, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5
4-4 stout Osnaburghs
Navy ducks
Heavy woolpacks
Bleached diaper rugs
9-4 and 10-4 blankets
Navy blue prints
Fancy ditto
Flushing jackets and trousers
500 pairs superior moleskin trousers
Superior navy blue cape, in trunks,
ALSO,
☞ Two bales superior military ducks.
PHILIP COHEN,
Corner of George and Hunter streets. 4889

HARDWARE FOR SALE,
BY
BUCHANAN AND CO.,
WHARF, DARLING HARBOUR,
NAILS—Ewbank's patent
Countersunk clout
Wrought tacks and joiner's brads
HOLLOWARE—Tinned, oval, and round pots
Saucepans, tea kettles, tea kitchens
Stew pans, glue kettles, milk pans
Fish kettles, &c.
Box and flanch coffee mills
Cart boxes
Hooks and hinges
HINGES—Scotch and Lancashire, T and chest
Cast, butt, rising, and parliament
HAMMERS — Blacksmiths', carpenters, and shoe, quarry mails and wedges
Smiths' and bastard bellows
Steelyards, scale beams
Copper scales, ration scales
Counter and sack weighing machines
Large scales and beams
Wood screws
Iron wire
Brass and copper wire
Brass cocks, house bells, and chair nails
BRASS FOUNDRY, a complete assortment
BELL FURNITURE, ditto ditto
Shoe tools
Carpenters tools'
Steel toys
Planes
Rules
Shoe bills, cut
SHOE THREAD
Sail sewing twine
3-thread cein twine
Shop twine
West India hoes
Falling and mortice axes
B.Y. hay and chaff knives
B.Y. scythes, crown and patent
Scythe poles
Scythe stones
Vyces
Sail needles
Awl blades and shoe tacks
LOCKS—Rim, mortice, drawback
Dead, plate, and mortice sash
Brass and iron chest, cupboard, till, and pad
Norfolk and square latches
Frame and axle pulleys
BOLTS—Tower, barrel, shutter
Flush, and flat spring
CHAINS—Cart and plough
Trace, timber, and claw
Hhalter, and dog
Wire and block-tin dish covers
TIN WARE—A complete assortment
Corn measures
PORTABLE FLOUR MILLS, with dressing apparatus
Coach spring steel
FLINT GUNS, single and double
Bentley's patent CAP RIFLES
Two superior THEODOLITES, made by "R. Bate," London. 4864

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND HAY.

THE undersigned has received instructions to dispose of by private contract at prices considerably below the market rates.
25 TONS VAN DIEMEN'S LAND HAY.
This hay is of excellent quality, and in good condition. A sample may be seen at the Rooms.
GEORGE A. LLOYD.
City Mart, 474, George-street,
24th September. 4850

HAY.

THE undersigned has for sale, ten tons of superior Oaten Hay, ex *Lord Auckland*, from Hobart Town, in conveniently sized trusses, compressed.
GEORGE RATTRAY,
5086 Bathurst-street.

CURLED HAIR.

IN ANY QUANTITY, ON SALE,
ALSO,
Hair mattresses, in every size, and made to order.
JOSEPH THOMPSON AND SON,
4978 266, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE,

AT Messrs. CAMPBELL AND CO.'S, per *Bride*, from New Zealand, a quantity of Black Oil and Whaleboue.
Campbell's Wharf,
September 26. 4943

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND WHEAT.
VAN DIEMEN'S LAND HAY.

NOW LANDING, ex *Lord Auckland*, from Hobart Town,
1000 Bushels prime clean wheat
199 Bales best compressed oaten hay.
HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
Corner King and George streets.
September 28. 4968

ON SALE by the undersigned,—
Bengal twine
Seine and roping twine
Europe and Manila rope
Ratline, spunyarn, &c.
Tarpaulins, all sizes
Blocks, wood and iron, single, double, and treble
Wilkinson's sheep shears
Norway rag stones
Turkey stones
BY sickles
" hay and chaff knives
Patent and box chaff cutters, &c., &c.
Wheelbarrows, sack-trucks, &c., &c.
THOMAS WOOLLEY, 430, George-street.
Iron Yard, King-street. 5081

THE "ALDIS" PIPE.

JUST RECEIVED, a supply of the above, made expressly to the order of the undersigned, in packages of ten gross.
☞ MEMO.—The ALDIS PIPE differs in material and form to any other, and previous to smoking should be immersed 24 hours in spring or fresh water, after which exposed in the open air until perfectly dry, when the pipe will be pleasantly cool and porous for smoking. The chemical action thus effected, rendering the absorbent qualities much greater, by destroying the excessive lime, and making the pipe very closely approximate the genuine Meerschaum.
☞ 300 PACKAGES very superior NEGROHEAD and CAVENDISH Tobacco, ex *Navigator*.
5085 W. H. ALDIS.

NEGROHEAD and Cavendish Tobacco, from 2s. 6d. to 2s. 9d. per lb., of the best descriptions.
Van Diemen's Land jams, in small jars, consisting of damson, plum, quince, raspberry, &c.
India soy, salmon in tins, sauces of various descriptions, salt water soap, sperm oil by the gallon, of the purest description, lamp wick, &c., &c.
On sale by
S. ELLIOTT,
5098 Charlotte-place.

WINE DRINKERS

WILL please bear in mind that the HORSLEY WINE can be had only at the Stores of the undersigned.
The increase of good taste in the consumption of Colonial Wine was particularly marked last summer by the extra demand towards the close of the season, and without prejudice to other samples, the "Horsley" has frequently been pronounced by judges as the best colonial red wine ever offered to the public.
Price—6s. per gallon, or 18s. 6d. per dozen.
S. ELLIOTT,
5109 Charlotte-place.

OLD TOM.

THE undersigned having imported, through his own agent in London, a quantity of unusually strong and fine flavoured London Gin, will sell it at a reasonable price, either by the case of three dozen, or by the single dozen.
Also, for sale, a consignment of Welsh lumps, oven tiles, and iron work for ovens and furnaces, with patent furnace bars complete.
G. WILKIE,
5095 London Tavern.

WINES,

SEVERAL samples of Port and Sherries, ranging from 16s. to 30s. per dozen, now ready for sale.
S. E. can particularly recommend a golden sherry, bearing his own brand, suitable to the summer season, at 21s. per dozen.
The Horsley wine as usual.
S. ELLIOTT,
5099 Charlotte-place.

WINES of very superior qualities, many of which are now landing and on sale at
I. O. GLANHAM'S,
561, George-street,
Next to Mr. S. Lyons, and Opposite Bridge-street.

FRENCH AND RHENISH, CONSISTING OF—
Claret, in 1 dozen cases—Hock, in 1 and 2 dozen cases
Moselle, in 1 dozen cases—Barsac in 1, 2, and 3 dozen cases
Sauterne, in 2 and 3 dozen cases
Champagne, in 1, 2, and 3 dozen cases and baskets—all of which are very choice.

SHERRIES AND PORT, IN WOOD AND BOTTLE,
The largest and best selected stock in the City.

ALES AND PORTER, IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.
300 dozen of Scotch ale, in prime condition, at 10s. 6d. per dozen
400 dozen of Byass's ale and porter
Bass's (No. 3) ale, in hogsheads.

2000 lbs. of Preserved Meats, Fish, Soups, &c., &c., (recent importation.)

Gin, in cases—Brandy—Rum—Cordials, &c.

50 cases of "Chow Chow," in prime condition. 4918

2500 GROSS WINE CORKS, in boxes and bales of fifty gross each.
PORTER AND PEEK,
5050 Pitt and George streets.

SUGARS AND TEA.

MANILA and ration sugar
Hyson and hyson skin tea
Congou tea, in chests and half-chests
Fine black teas, for family use

Pickles, mustard, capers, sallad (in bottles), fruits, patent groats and farinaceous food, &c.
15 cases ginger and chow chow
10 cases curry powder
5 cases cayenne pepper
20 casks raisins
15 casks currants
With a large assortment of groceries and oilman's stores, at
REES JONES'S,
Grocery and Provision Warehouse,
512, George-street,
Sydney.
September 26. 4964

BLACK TEA,

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—700 boxes good Black Tea, weighing 28 lbs. each. In lots to suit purchasers.
JOHN SMITH.
Sussex-street, September 21, 4614

REAL DERWENT POTATOES, NOT CIRCULAR HEADS.

THE CARGO of the *REBECCA*, FROM HOBART TOWN,
By the Bag or Ton.
Apply to
JAMES COOK, Commercial Wharf.
September 28. 4965

ON SALE,
PRIME IRISH PORK
Truman's porter
Heavy woolpacks
Superior sherry, in 3 dozen cases
"Keir's" Madeira, in hogsheads, quarter casks, and octaves.
J. W. GOSLING,
503 Charlotte-place.

LIVERPOOL SOAP.

STEELE'S Crown Liverpool Soap, in half cwt. boxes.
HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
Corner King and George streets.
September 28. 4967

TO CAPTAINS OF SHIPS AND OTHERS.

COLONIAL SALTED BEEF.

THE above article, of primest quality, equal to the finest Irish, both as regards the meat and cure, may be had in any quantities at the Rooms of the undersigned.
THOS. S. MORT,
Auctioneer and Broker.
George-street,
Near the Post Office. 3907

FOR SALE,
40 TIERCES OF BEEF, cured at Moreton Bay.
Apply to
ROBERT GRAHAM,
4863 Spring-street.

610,
GEORGE-STREET NORTH.
PRIME CORNED BEEF,
2½D. PER LB.
2000 PIECES, 8 lbs. each, in any quantity to suit purchasers. The above Beef was cured at the establishment of Mr. W. H. Chapman, Port Macquarie, and at Port Fairy, just received.
☞ Settlers and Stores supplied with general merchandise at the lowest price, and COLONIAL PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
No. 610,
George-street, near the *Herald* Office,
And opposite the site of the Old Gaol.
5064

TO PUBLICANS AND OTHERS.

THE fittings of a bar complete at less than one-third the cost price. Also, a public-house and hotel to let at the lowest rent and best situation in Sydney. Apply to J. Curby, opposite the Police Office, George-street. 4860

FOR SALE,

FIRST-RATE business premises, situated in the most desirable part of George-street, and admirably adapted for an extensive Drapery, or other retail business.
None but principals will be treated with. Apply to the undersigned.
GEORGE KING,
4980 No. 14, Jamison-street.

LAND FOR SALE ON THE SURRY HILLS.

FOR SALE, Land immediately adjoining the properties of Aldermen Hill and Flood, having two frontages, 50 feet each, *depth* 100 feet.
Title—Grant from the Crown. Apply to Benjamin Hanslow, Crown-street, Surry Hills. 5092

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT, a valuable Allotment of Land, in the Town of Windsor, bounded in the front by New-street, facing the Australian Hotel, and in the rear by land belonging to Mr. Baker, of Sydney.
For terms apply to F. Beddek, Esq., Solicitor, Windsor, if by letter post-paid. 4875

CANDIDATE.

A VALUABLE Yorkshire coaching stallion (imported by the late Mr. C. Smith) standing 16-3 hands, dark bay, with black points, and perfectly sound, is for sale. Price £50.
For further particulars apply to Mr. Blaxland, Clarence-street, Sydney, or, at Ludenham, near Penrith. 4505

TO BUTCHERS AND OTHERS.

EIGHTY Fat Bullocks, in prime condition, on sale by the undersigned. Apply to Thacker and Co., Fort-street. 5002

WETHERS.

FOR SALE, at Douro, Yass, twelve hundred three to four year old wethers, in prime condition. The price fixed on at Douro by a purchaser; a careful shepherd would be sent with them to Sydney or to Parramatta.
Application to be made to
Mr. WILLIAM MOIR.
September 24. 5094

TO BE SOLD, at Erskine Park, South Creek, St. Mary's—
280 Wethers
280 Ewes, with their lambs.
Apply to Mr. James Walker. 5051

WOOL, TALLOW, AND OTHER PRODUCE.

THE Undersigned will make advances as usual, on the ensuing clip of wool, and on tallow, or other colonial produce, to be consigned to their London house, Walker Brothers, and Co.
W. WALKER AND CO.
September 21. 4708

HORSES AND CATTLE will be taken in to grass at Glenfield, and as the number will be limited, the feed will consequently be at all seasons good, besides abundance of water from George's River; no risk incurred. Apply to Mr. Little, Grocer, near the Hay Market, Sydney; or to Mr. Aulyark, Limerick Races, near Liverpool, if by letter, post-paid. 5093

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

SEPTEMBER 29. — *Urgent*, ship, 408 tons, Captain Tucker, from London the 22nd May. Passengers—Mr. Cleave, Mr. Elworthy, and Mr. Austin.

September 29.—*William*, schooner, 62 tons, Captain Freeman, from Moreton Bay.

DEPARTURES.

September 29.—*Catherine*, schooner, Captain Dryden, for Launceston.

September 29.—*John*, schooner, Captain Organ, for Launceston.

September 29.—*Clara*, French schooner, Captain Raballand, for the South Sea Islands, in ballast. Passenger—Rev. M. Jumillon.

CLEARANCE.

September 29. — *Christina*, brig, Captain Saunders, for Newcastle.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office as follows :—

FOR LAUNCESTON.—By the *City of Sydney*, this evening, at 6.

FOR ADELAIDE.—By the *Palmyra*, this evening, at 6.

FOR AUCKLAND. — By the *Maukin*, this evening, at 6.

FOR ENGLAND.—By the *Ganges* (P. O. P.), on Saturday evening, at 6.

FOR SOUTH AMERICA.—By the *Captain Ross*, on Saturday evening, at 6.

COASTERS INWARDS.

September 29. — *Gleaner*, 14, Lees, from Brisbane Water, with 250 bushels shells; *Rosanna*, 27, Heard, from the Richmond, with 16,000 feet cedar; *Ocean Queen*, 35, M'Intyre, for the Richmond, with 20,000 feet cedar.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

September 29. — *Beppo*, 22, Curtis, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Gleaner*, 14, Lees, for Brisbane Water, in ballast.

IMPORTS.

September 29.—*Himalaya*, barque, 478 tons, Captain Burn, from London *via* Port Phillip: 45 cases, 4 bales merchandise, 12 octaves, 13 hogsheads, and 24 quarter-casks wine, 100 tins turpentine, 10,000 slates, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 9 bales paper, Kemp and Fairfax; 18 cases copper, 10 cases wine, 140 boxes glass, 25 hogsheads beer, 3 cases, 1 cask, 5 bales, 1 cask brandy, 4 cases Geneva, 334 bags salt, 8 pockets hops, 78 cases glass, 50 tons rock salt, 3 cases, 6 bales, 1 case glass, 25 barrels cement, 11 cases wines, 12 octaves, 7 quarter-casks, 4 hogsheads wine, 6 boxes wax, 1 case whiskey, 10 cases paper, 2 cases and 6 casks, 2 cases, 175 casks beer, 3 bales corks, 13 cases, 17 pockets hops, 160 kegs, 11 bundles hoops, 5 cases, 28 casks, 10 puncheons B. P. rum, Order. Shipped at Port Phillip: 60 trusses hay, 3 boxes tobacco, 40 cases brandy, 51 packages nails, 8 casks, 1 case brandy, Order.

September 29.—*Urgent*, ship, 408 tons, Captain Tucker, from London: 14 cases copper sheets, 16 bales, 28 kegs copper nails, Rowand, Macnab, and Co.; 125 casks bottled beer, John Johnson; 20 bales paper, 56 casks blacking, R. Ramsay, senior, and Co.; 94 bundles British goods, E. C. Weekes; 60 puncheons malt, R. and E. Tooth; 54 hogsheads beer, 20 sheets lead, Thacker and Co.; 31 casks soda, B. S. Lloyd; 12 hogsheads and 16 quarter-casks white wine, 3 bales, Thomas Holt, jun.; 23 bales, 14 cases, 30 casks, B. P. rum, 12 tierces, 2 boxes, Gilchrist and Alexander; 360 deals, 14 sheets lead, 80 kegs paints, 12,000 slates, 11 casks, 13 cans, 30 boxes, W. C. Botts; 50 barrels coal tar, 20 hogsheads B. P. rum, 15 casks Stockholm tar, 6 barrels pitch, W. Tucker; 12 packages, J. and W. Byrnes; 1 case, Mrs. S. B. Swan; 32 pockets hops, Brown and Co.; 2 pipes, 13 hogsheads, and 26 quarter-casks Marsala wine, 2 pianos, W. Walker and Co.; 1 case paper, J. T. Fisher; 13 cases and 14 bales merchandise, David Jones and Co.; 2 casks porcelain, 1 cask hardware, Swain, Webb, and Co.; 2 cases, L. Samuel; 1 case, R. Towns; 1 case, 1 cask, J. Rickards; 35 bales, 2 pumps, T. Smith and Co.; 1 case whips, J. Benningfield; 3 bales, 3 cases, R. Graham; 2 cases fish, Le Soeuff and Parrott; 18 crates earthenware, 1 box samples, 20 octaves wine, 57 casks wine, 150 casks bottled beer, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 7 cases, John Brown; 4 casks 3 cases ironmongery, 2 bundles steel, 7 bundles spades, L. Potts and Co.; 30 casks Marsala wine, F. Watkins; 14 kegs tobacco, 4 trunks 6 bales, T. Smith and Co.; 20 kegs 9 cases 22 casks 10 bundles, 4 matted bundles, 33 ploughshare moulds, A. Hawley and Co.; 6 cases, Thompson and Son; 1 case, J. Lazarus; 2 bales, T. L. Fawcett; 2 bales, Thomas Agars; 2 casks, L. Iredale; 1 case, W. Richardson; 6 cases, D. and J. Dickson; 1 box, Gordon; 1 case, Bull and Co.; 1 case, Wallace; 17 cases, 8 bales, 2 trunks, James Simmons; 1 parcel, A. B. Spark; 1 box, M. Birnstingl; 13 pockets hops, T. Smith; 1 bale and 5 cases paper, W. Moffitt; 4 hogsheads and 6 quarter-casks 49 cases wine, 32 cases merchandise, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 89 cases merchandise, J. S. Willis; 5 bales 1 bundle, A. Brierly; 1 box apparel, J. T. Street; 1 cask 12 packages, 72 camp ovens, 108 pair pipe boxes, L. and S. Spyer; 400 cases Geneva, Smith and Campbell; 1 case, W. F. De Salis; 7 cases, Campbell; 5 cases stationery, Commissariat Department; 154 bales bedding, 5 cases and 3 casks brushes, 12 bundles hoops, 1 bundle shovels, Ordnance Department; 8 cases official papers, Collector of Customs: 20 casks cement, 14 cases, 1 case books, 2 bales, 50 tins, 1 cask, 70 kegs, 1 box wax tapers, 1 case hats, 100 cases Geneva, order.

EXPORTS.

September 29.—*Portenia*, brig, Captain Kirsopp, for Port Nicholson: (Additional)—5 tierces tobacco.

September 29.—*Steights*, American whaling ship, Captain Young, for the South Sea Fishery: 10 barrels sperm oil, original cargo.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.—The *Thomas Lowry*, from Sydney the 1st February, and the *William Mitcalfe*, hence 17th January, arrived in the Downs on the 20th May. The *Heroine* left the Downs for Hobart Town on the 20th May, also the *Java*, with 600 rank and file, and the head quarters of the 65th regiment. The barque *Statesman*, Captain Rowett, and the barque *Lydia*, Captain P. Petrie, were both advertised to leave Liverpool for Sydney on the 8th June. The *Alice Brooks* was to leave Liverpool for Hobart Town early in June, and the *Alice Maude* was advertised to leave there for Port Phillip on the 5th June. The *Gunga* was laid on the berth in Liverpool for Port Adelaide. The brigantine *Despatch*, 250 tons, Captain John Pappa, was advertised to leave London for Port Phillip on the 10th June. The *Cygnet* cleared outwards in London with a cargo for Hobart Town on the 19th May. The *Ann Bates*, 450 tons, Weghill, was announced to leave London for Sydney on the 10th June, and the *St. George*, Captain Jones, on the 25th July.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

September.		SUN, rises	SUN, sets	HIGH WATER morn	HIGH WATER even
30	WEDNESDAY	5 52	6 8	4 6	4 30

Moon: Full, 10 m. past 8, A.M., Oct. 5.

THE
Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1846.

Sworn to no master, of no sect am I.'

LATER ENGLISH NEWS.

By the *Urgent* we received English newspapers to the 20th May, five days later than had previously come to hand.

The Corn Bill had at length been passed in the Commons by a majority of 327 to 229; the majority on the second reading, it may be remembered, was ninety-seven, so that there was an increase of one on the third reading. On the 19th May the Bill was brought up in the House of Lords, and read a first time, after a little opposition from the DUKE of RICHMOND. The second reading was fixed for the 25th May, so that we shall probably know the result of the debate by the June packet.

The Tariff Bill had also been sent up to the Lords, and was to be read a third time after the discussion on the Corn Bill.

The Charitable Trusts' Bill was thrown out of the House of Lords on the second reading, by a majority of one; the numbers being 41 to 40.

It is gratifying to observe the attention which is being paid to the proposal to connect these colonies with Britain by sending steam vessels from Singapore to Sydney. Almost every paper in England notices the subject, and a very energetic petition from Edinburgh has been sent to the Government. We notice also fuller reports of the April meeting, at which Mr. MARK BOYD appears to have made a very excellent speech; his facts and figures, although they would be no news here, must have been very effective in London.

The resolution of the Congress of the United States respecting Oregon is more mild than it was when it left the lower House. The Senate proposed several amendments, and after a conference, the resolution was worded as follows:—

And whereas it has now become desirable that the respective claims of the United States and Great Britain should be definitely settled, and that said territory may no longer than need be remain subject to the evil consequences of the divided allegiance of its American and British population, and of the confusion and conflict of national jurisdiction dangerous to the cherished peace and good understanding of the two countries—with a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the abrogation of the said convention of the 6th of August, 1827, in the mode prescribed in the second article, and that the attention of the Governments of both countries may be more earnestly directed to the adoption of all proper measures for the speedy and amicable adjustment of the difficulties and disputes in relation to said territory:—Resolved,—That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorised at his discretion to give to the British Government the notice required by its second article for the abrogation of the convention of the 6th August 1827.

There appears to be some screw loose respecting the New Colony, a memorandum dated Colonial Office, May 16, (the day Colonel B. left England) having appeared in the *Gazette*, stating, that "the appointment of Colonel BARNEY as Lieutenant-Governor of North Australia has not yet been carried into effect."

The *Daily News*, which was commenced with such a flourish of trumpets in January last, under the management of Mr. DICKENS has changed hands. A private letter says, "The *Daily News* you will probably not be surprised to hear is a dead failure, and is not expected to exist long. The proprietors must have spent an immense sum in starting it; they recently made a proposition to the dissenters, that if they would raise £25,000, they should have one-fourth share, and their principles should be advocated; but it was not considered either practicable or desirable."

Trade was dull; money was exceedingly tight. The price of wool had fallen considerably. A letter dated London, May 18th, says, "The result of the sales so far, (three days), compared with this time twelve months, is a decline one penny on fine well-conditioned clothing and combing; two-pence on secondary descriptions well got up, and three-pence halfpenny on mixed and ill-conditioned." Before the June sales would come off, it was hoped the Corn Bill would be passed in the House of Lords, which would have a favourable effect upon trade generally.

We give a few of the most interesting extracts in another part of the paper.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

TUESDAY.

THE SPEAKER took the Chair at the usual hour.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY.

Mr. LOWE laid upon the table the Bill to amend the Commercial Banking Company's Act, as amended and approved by the Select Committee, appointed for its consideration, and gave notice of his intention, on Friday next, to move that this Bill be read a second time.

DIVISION OF THE LEGAL PROFESSION.

Mr. DARVALL presented a petition from two gentlemen of the Bar, the Solicitor-General and Mr. Holroyd, against the Bill for Abolishing the Division of the Legal Profession. These gentlemen, he said, were absent on circuit at the time the petition from the remainder of the Bar was signed; but the text of the petition which he then held in his hand was similar to the former petition: for these gentlemen were willing to concede the admission of the colonial youth, while they contended that the Bill before the House, without promoting economy, or improving the relationship subsisting between the members of the profession, would increase litigation to a material extent.

The petition was read and received, and Mr. DARVALL gave notice of his intention, on Friday next, to move that it be printed.

WHARFAGE RATES.

Mr. COWPER presented a petition signed by twenty-one merchants, wharfingers, and agents for wharfs, against the Wharfage Rates Act Amendment Bill, now before the Council.

The petition, which appeared in yesterday's *Herald*, was read and received.

Mr. COWPER then gave notice of his intention, when the order of the day for the second reading of this Bill should be called on, to move that the petition just presented by him be taken into consideration.

RICHMOND.—PORT PHILLIP.

Mr. FOSTER presented a petition from certain inhabitants of Richmond, in the district of Port Phillip, praying that the Council would not assent to any measure annexing that village to the corporate town of Melbourne.

Petition read and received.

LIGHT-HOUSES IN BASS'S STRAITS.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY laid upon the table a further correspondence with reference to the erection of light-houses in Bass's Straits, and moved that the correspondence be printed.

Ordered.

THE HARBOUR AT PORT PHILLIP.

Mr. FOSTER moved, pursuant to notice, "That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, requesting that he will be pleased to direct that a survey should be made of the Bar in the River Yarra, and that a report upon the same, with a statement of the probable expense of removing such Bar, be laid before this Council. Also, that a survey may be made of the Bar at Geelong, and that an estimate of the probable cost of its removal may be laid before this Council. Also, that a survey may be made, and a report presented to this Council, as to the practicability and expense of cutting a ship canal from the Wharf at Melbourne to Hobson's Bay." On the present occasion all that he sought was information, and as the expense of the survey for which he applied would be very trifling, he trusted the House would feel no difficulty in acceding to the motion. From enquiries which he had made, he believed that the bar at Geelong might be removed at a comparatively small expense, being composed of soft sand; but the removal of the other bar would be a more costly operation, as it was formed of rock. He had never understood, however, that its removal was impracticable, and a careful survey of the spot would place them in a better position to estimate its cost, and to determine whether the undertaking was one which ought to be commenced. The construction of a ship canal from Hobson's Bay to Melbourne was a work which would greatly enhance the value of the unsold Crown lands in that vicinity, and it was worthy of consideration by the House whether the advantages to be gained in this particular would not form a sufficient inducement for undertaking the work. (The above appeared to be the substance of the hon. gentleman's remarks; but from the low tone of voice in which he speaks when addressing the House, few of his words ascend so high as the reporter's gallery.)

Mr. BREWSTER seconded the motion, remarking that as the information sought for was very necessary, and the expense of obtaining it would be exceedingly small, the present application was one which the House could scarcely avoid acceding to. The annual cost of bringing up goods to Melbourne by lighters, was no less, he understood, than £10,000, and this fact alone sufficiently proved the necessity of facilitating the transit of water to that town.

The COLONIAL-SECRETARY said, that admitting the importance of the objects which were sought to be carried out by the motion before the House, he should still feel some difficulty in supporting it under its present shape. The Executive Government would be placed under considerable difficulty if this motion was acceded to without further information being first obtained (hear, hear). He knew not from what fund the expenses of such a survey were to be defrayed, or to what officer it should be entrusted, for the performance of a duty of this kind would require the presence of a most able and experienced civil engineer. The expense of a ship canal from Hobson's Bay to Melbourne would be enormous, and either of the other works alluded to would be attended with very great expense; seeing, therefore, the favourable manner in which separation was progressing, he would put it to the honorable member who had brought forward the motion whether it would not be well to wait until in the fullness of time Port Phillip should become a separate colony altogether. (Cheers.)

Captain O'CONNELL expressed his regret at the opposition which had been offered to the motion by the Colonial Secretary, and remarked that he could not see the force of the objections which that honorable gentleman had offered. There could be no doubt as to the quarter from whence the expenses of such a survey would have to be [illegible]n, and a district which had contributed s[illegible] largely to the land fund as Port Phillip had done, was surely entitled to some consideration in return. The public works alluded to were unquestionably much needed; but all which was now asked for was a survey, which could be made without difficulty, and at trifling expense, and would put the House and the public in possession of more accurate information as to the probable expense of those works, and the advantages to be derived from their completion. He did not admire the suggestion of the Colonial Secretary, that Port Phillip should wait until it obtained separation before it should have any assistance of this nature, and he thought on the contrary that it would be more fair and generous for the House to do some good for Port Phillip while they had the chance, in order that the people of that district might have something to point at as having been done during their connexion with the colony.

Mr. LAMB expressed his intention of voting against the motion, and remarked that there was not in the colony a civil engineer who could carry out the proper survey in an efficient manner.

Mr. COWPER also opposed the motion—if this survey was ordered, the House would be in some degree pledged to authorise the commencement of the public works alluded to, provided the estimate was such as to allow of their doing so; and he thought with the Colonial Secretary that it would be unwise for the House so to pledge itself without further information upon the subject. Unless the survey was directed with the view of commencing the work itself, he saw no good to be attained by it. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. FOSTER, in reply, expressed his concurrence in opinion with the honorable member for Cumberland as to the want of information, adding that the very object of his present motion was to procure such information as the House required before taking any decisive step in the matter. He did not apprehend any difficulty in the performance of this survey, either as to the matter of expense, or the procuring of an efficient Civil Engineer to undertake the duty. Surveys had already been made by private parties, and the object of his present motion was to have the necessary information before the House in an efficient form.

The motion was then put and negatived.

MELBOURNE CORPORATION ACT.

Captain O'CONNEL moved, pursuant to notice, for leave to bring in "A Bill further to amend the Act to incorporate the inhabitants of the town of Melbourne." The object of this Bill, he stated, was to carry out the prayer of the petition from the inhabitants of the village of St. Kilda, presented to the House by the present Speaker, on the 31st of July, 1845. This petition was referred to a Select Committee, and that Committee had recorded its opinion that the prayer of the petitioners was a just and reasonable one; but that owing to the then advanced period of the session, it would be inexpedient to enter at that time upon the subject, as the Town Council had presented a petition praying that St. Kilda might not be excluded without their receiving compensation by the extension of their boundaries the other way. It was recommended, however, that the matter should be taken cognisance of in the early part of the ensuing session, when the whole of the Port Phillip members would probably be present, and would be able to place the House in possession of full information upon the subject. As several of the Port Phillip members were present who would be able to give the House any information as to the locality which was thought desirable, he had chosen this opportunity of applying for leave to introduce a Bill to comply with the prayer of the petitioners, which was that their village would be excluded from the limits of the corporate town of Melbourne. St. Kilda was a village upon the sea coast at Hobson's Bay, four miles distant from the town, unconnected with the latter, even by a main road, and with a bush country between. By being thus included within the incorporated limits the petitioners were subjected to taxation, without receiving any corresponding benefit. Their property was also depreciated in value, and they were deprived of the privilege of what they had before enjoyed, of voting at the election for the district members. This village was not included within the boundaries of the town by the first Act of Incorporation, 6th Victoria, No. 7; but they were materially increased by a subsequent Act, the 8th of Victoria, No. 12, introduced at the suggestion of the honorable member for Melbourne, and while the limits of the City of Sydney only included $2\frac{3}{4}$ square miles or 1760 acres, those of Melbourne embraced no less a space than 21 square miles or 13,440 acres, giving a circumference of twenty miles. (Hear, hear.) In proposing to exclude the village of St. Kilda from the operation of this Act, he did not intend to suggest that any compensation should be granted to the Town Council by an extension of their boundary the other way: for he thought they had no cause of complaint in this particular, and might rest satisfied with the knowledge that the boundaries of their infant city embraced a space larger than Rome, the mistress of empires, either in its ancient or modern state. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. FOSTER seconded the motion for the introduction of the Bill, stating his concurrence in what had fallen from the honorable and gallant mover, as to the right of the petitioners to have the exemption they prayed for; the taxes to which they were subjected without any corresponding benefit being not only a burthen but a heavy one.

Leave was then given, and the Bill having been introduced and read a first time, was ordered to be read a second time on Tuesday next.

MOLONG.

Mr. SUTTOR moved, pursuant to notice, for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the Reverend Henry Hodgkinson Bobart, and Elizabeth Mary, his wife, and their trustees, to grant leases of lands on the Molong River, in the County of Wellington. This Bill, he remarked, was necessary to enable the above parties to grant leases for a longer period than their own lives, for valuable veins of copper having been discovered at this place it was necessary that the periods should be long, in order that the lessees might have sufficient inducement to erect the necessary buildings, and to provide the necessary machinery.

Mr. LOWE seconded the motion.

Leave was then given, and the Bill having been introduced and read a first time, was referred to a Select Committee, consisting of Messrs. Suttor, Lowe, Windeyer, Wentworth, and Lord.

MANEROO.

Mr. MURRAY moved, pursuant to notice, "That the petition presented by him on the 25th instant, from Maneroo, praying the establishment of Petty Sessions in that District, be printed.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY thought the printing of the petition unnecessary, as the Government had already partly complied with its prayer, by placing a sum on the estimates for the establishment of Petty Sessions; and it could not be supposed that the important district of Maneroo would be forgotten. He also suggested that the frequent printing of petitions was inexpedient, not merely by reason of the expense, but of the delay in the printing of other and more important documents, and the unnecessary extent to which it swelled the records of the Council proceedings.

After some further conversation the motion was withdrawn.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENT.

Mr. COWPER moved for leave to bring in a Bill to appoint the honorable Francis Scott, agent for the colony in England for the period of three years. He had prepared the Bill in accordance with the despatch of the Secretary of State on the subject, and had made it exceedingly short,—in fact, looking at the subject in its present position, with reference to that Council, he did not think the Bill could be too short. He had not been enabled to find a precedent for the Bill, and therefore was obliged to work as it were in the dark. The honorable gentleman had been appointed the agent of the colony in the year 1844; but the resolutions of the Council had been declared illegal, and it was to give them effect that the present Bill was introduced. The Council could judge from experience of the benefits Mr. Scott's exertions had conferred upon the colony, and he had no doubt would wish to continue those services, which a motion, further down upon the paper, that he should have to move in the course of the evening, went to compensate.

Mr. MURRAY seconded the motion, and the Bill was read a first time, and ordered to be printed, and read a second time on Tuesday next.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

Mr. COWPER moved, "That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, requesting that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House the following criminal statistics, viz.—(1.) A return of the number of persons taken into custody, and either discharged or dealt with summarily, or committed for trial, by the police of the City of Sydney, during the years 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, and 1845, classifying the offences, and showing the number of male and female; distinguishing also those born in the colony, or arrived free, from other free persons, and convicts, and, if possible, those under twenty-one years of age, or twenty-one or upwards; and specifying the degree of instruction—1, those who cannot read; 2, those who can read only; and 3, those who can read and write; together with any other information contained in similar returns laid before Parliament. (2.) A return of the number of offenders dealt with before the Bench of Petty Sessions at Hyde Park Barracks, during the years 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, and 1845—classifying the offences, and stating the results—with any particulars which the records of the Court will afford. (3.) A return of the number of persons taken into custody, and either discharged, or dealt with summarily, or committed for trial, in each police district throughout the colony, (except the metropolitan district,) during the years 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, and 1845—classifying the offences, and showing the number of male and female; distinguishing also those born in the colony, or arrived free, from other free persons, and convicts, and, if possible, those under twenty-one years of age, or twenty-one years or upwards, and specifying the degree of instruction—1, those who cannot read; 2, those who can read only; and 3, those who can read and write—with any other information which the records of the Police Offices will afford. (4.) A return of the number of persons tried in the Supreme Court, and Courts of Quarter Sessions throughout the colony, during the years 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, and 1845, and the results of the trial; classifying the offences, and showing the number of male and female; distinguishing also those born in the colony, or arrived free, from other free persons and convicts, and, if possible, those under twenty-one years of age, or twenty-one years or upwards; and specifying the degree of instruction—1, those who cannot read; 2, those who can read only; 3, those who can read and write—with any other information which the records of the Courts will afford." In moving for these resolutions, he (Mr. Cowper) would not trouble the House at any great length. He believed these documents were required by the Council; as there were at present no statistical papers within the cognizance of the Council which could afford the information which he sought; and although the preparation of the papers probably would involve considerable trouble, he thought the facts they would bring to light would warrant the House in assenting to his motion. They would give an insight into the state of the country from time to time, which was not at present possessed, and which would be most instructive to that Council in the measures it might bring forward. He had asked for these returns to be made out since the year 1841, as it was at that period transportation ceased. He trusted that the returns he now moved for would be found satisfactory—he believed that they would be so if he could judge from such information as he had already acquired on the subject. He had received a return of the description he asked for from the Chief Commissioner of Police for Sydney and the district, and he found from that, in the one crime of drunkenness, that the total number convicted of the crime was—in 1841, 7359; in 1842, 3858; in 1843, 2970; in 1844, 1814; in 1845, 1627. The offences, exclusive of drunkenness, were—in 1841, 3185; in 1842, 2573; in 1843, 2217; in 1844, 2237; in 1845, 2190—showing a gradual numerical decrease in crime, in spite of the increase of population. He believed these facts to be sufficiently authenticated for the House to rely upon them, and it was with a view to establish the opinion thus warranted as to the general decrease of crime that he now moved for similar returns of the statistics of crime throughout the colony, and he did so with increased pleasure, because he felt that the Government itself would be benefitted by acquiring such information.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY had no intention to oppose the motion, indeed he felt the House would be disposed to give him credit for furnishing it with all the information in his power. He was not sure that the whole of the returns moved for by the honorable member could be furnished with accuracy; but he believed with him that the results they would display would be satisfactory, and he admitted the validity of the argument that such returns would tend to attract the attention of the Home Government to the improvement of the moral condition of the colony.

The motion was then put and carried, and the Address ordered to be presented by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Treasurer.

MR. SHERIFF MACQUOID.

Mr. COWPER moved, "That a Select Committee, to consist of seven members, be appointed to enquire into the allegations contained in the petition of Mr. T. H. Macquoid, with instructions to take evidence, and report what steps, if any, should be adopted in reference thereto. To report by the 12th October." It would be remembered by the Council that he had presented a petition from Mr. Macquoid, in which he had asked the assistance of the Council in the very praiseworthy design he had entered into, of paying off the debts of the late Sheriff, and by so doing to retrieve the memory of his father. The history of this matter was familiar to the Council—it had been several times before it—and he could not think that it was creditable to the Government that these debts had remained so long unpaid. In 1842, the Attorney and Solicitor General were directed to enquire whether the attorneys to the creditors of the late Sheriff had exposed themselves to improper risk, and had reported that they had not done so; but yet since then nothing had been done. He had no doubt the House would cordially assent to the course he had proposed, and he should therefore, without further remark, move the appointment of the Committee.

Mr. MURRAY seconded the motion.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY had no intention of opposing the motion for the appointment of a Committee; but would not pledge himself as to any particular measure which the Government might adopt in the matter. He agreed that the claims of the debtors of the late Sheriff were such as ought to have been paid; and he had no doubt that the House would do any thing in its power to forward the proposal which had been made, and which reflected such high honour upon the young gentleman who had petitioned the Council.

Mr. ROBINSON agreed that it was quite necessary that some steps should be taken to pay the debts of the late Sheriff, and that the Council ought to facilitate the handsome and praiseworthy application which had been made to it; but he did not think the petitioner would be able to do all that he wished, and that the House had no right to ask it. Let him pay 10s. in the pound of the debts, which was as much as the means he had would warrant the expectation of, however zealous the anxiety for the memory of his father might induce him to be.

The question was then put and passed, and a Committee appointed.

COAL MONOPOLY.

Mr. DANGAR, on the part of the honorable member for the Northumberland boroughs, begged to postpone the motion standing in his name, with regard to the monopoly enjoyed by the Australian Agricultural Company, till Friday next.

PARLIAMENTARY AGENT.

Mr. COWPER moved that an address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, praying that the sum of £1000 be placed upon the supplementary estimates for this year, to cover the allowance due to the honorable Francis Scott, as agent for the colony, for the years 1845 and 1846. He did not feel called on to go into any details of the conduct of Mr. Scott. He believed it was admitted by the House, that during the time of his appointment he had been the zealous advocate of the interests of the colony; and that although the appointment of the honorable gentleman by a resolution of the Council had been disapproved of by Lord Stanley, yet that they were bound to pay the salary they had promised. He hoped, therefore, the House would unanimously support the motion.

Mr. MURRAY seconded the motion.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY did not rise to oppose the motion, but thought that there was a difficulty in the way of compliance with it on the part of the Government. It had been decided by the despatch of the Secretary of State, that the mere resolution of the Council was insufficient to appoint a Parliamentary Agent, and it was to provide against this, that the Bill which had been previously brought in that evening by the honorable mover had been introduced. But though the Bill brought in would make the appointment valid for the future, it would not make the payment for the past two years incumbent on the Government; and, therefore, the question was one that might have to be referred to the Home Government. Even under the Bill that had been brought in by the honorable member, the salary of the Parliamentary Agent would have to be voted annually by the Council, for as it at present stood, that Bill was not burdened with any pecuniary clause.

Mr. BREWSTER could not agree to the motion of the honorable member for Cumberland. He had yet to learn what benefits Mr. Scott had rendered to the district of Port Phillip, or that he had as yet said one word in his place in Parliament in favour of separation, (Oh, oh.)

Mr. ROBINSON: Could not at all accord in the sentiments of the honorable and learned member for Port Phillip. He believed that Mr. Scott had advocated those interests of the colonists in which he had been instructed, and he could not doubt that when the important subject of Separation was brought before his notice, that he would be found as strenuous in his advocacy as he had been of other great colonial questions.

Mr. LOWE thought that as the principle laid down by the House in originally voting the salary of Mr. Scott was not that of "no cure no pay," that the Council was bound to vote his salary.

Mr. WINDEYER thought that the instructions of Lord Stanley were entirely in error. The Council had never appointed a Committee to sit during a recess; but whether the appointment by a resolution or not—was sufficient to make Mr. Scott the agent for the colony, it ought to be sufficient to oblige them to pay his salary voted under that resolution.

Mr. COWPER, in reply, stated that the despatch of Lord Stanley was in contradiction of one of the Standing Orders of the House—whether it was improper for a Committee to sit during a recess—he was unprepared to say; but he had been informed, that such Committees of colonial legislature did sit—did correspond, did receive communications.

The resolution was then put and carried, and the address ordered to be presented by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Treasurer.

LICENSING ACT.

Mr. DANGAR, in moving for leave to postpone his motion for the taking into consideration the petition from the residents of Patrick's Plains, presented by him on the 11th instant, begged to give notice that he would move on Friday next, "That the eighty-first standing order of this House be suspended, with a view to enable a Bill to be brought in and passed during this session, to regulate the sale of fermented and spirituous liquors.

ADMISSION OF ATTORNEYS.

Mr. LOWE moved, "That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, requesting that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House, a Return of the names of all persons admitted or re-admitted in the Supreme Court as Barristers or Attorneys, from the 3rd day of August, 1842, until the 2nd day of April, 1846, inclusive; with the amount of the fees paid by them respectively on being so admitted or re-admitted." He would state, in making this motion, that his object was to found another motion upon the return, to the effect that the fees paid by attorneys for admission should be refunded. It appeared that these fees were established by a rule of Court, and it was intended under that rule, that such fees should be appropriated to the formation of a Law Library. The Government, however, had disapproved of that rule, and in consequence the attorneys had obtained none of the benefits for which they had paid their money.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY did not wish to oppose the production of the returns, or the motion founded upon them, of which the honorable and learned member had given notice. The fees were doubtless paid for a particular purpose, which purpose had never been carried out. The object of the rule under which these fees were appropriated had not been disapproved, but the right to appropriate the fees had been questioned; and it was on this ground that the rule was disallowed by the Government.

The question was then put and passed, and the address ordered to be presented to His Excellency by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Treasurer.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Mr. BLAND moved, "That the petitions presented by him on the 24th instant, praying a recurrence to the former law establishing Imprisonment for Debt, in cases tried in Courts of Request be printed." The honorable member proceeded to speak on the subject of the petition, and was called to order, and after a long desultory conversation withdrew his motion, on the understanding that when the third reading of the Bill came on he would move that the Bill be recommitted.

LEGAL PROFESSION.

Mr. BLAND withdrew his motion for the presenting of the Petition in favour of the passing into law of the Bill for the Abolition of the Division of the Legal Profession.

POLICE MAGISTRATES.

Mr. MURRAY begged to pospone his motion, "That the Petition presented by him on the 24th instant, from Captain Faunce, be printed," until the motion of the honorable and learned member for Durham, further down upon the paper, should be discussed.

CORONER'S INQUESTS.

Mr. BLAND moved, "That an Address be presented to his Excellency the Governor, requesting that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House, a Return of all Inquests that have been held in Sydney from the 1st June, 1845 to the 31st May, 1846, setting forth the names of the medical men who have been called upon to give medical testimony in each case respectively, together with the number of cases in which *post mortem* examinations have been made." There was very great complaint made at present as to the way inquests were conducted, particularly in respect to the *post mortem* examination of bodies subjected to such inquiries. It was considered that sufficient medical testimony was not taken as to whether a *post mortem* examination should be taken or not, it being now entirely dependent upon the judgment of the Coroner, who not being a professional man himself, was not calculated to give an opinion. It was utterly impossible that many cases could be satisfactorily determined upon without such examination; and in many instances, too, it was necessary that it should be made very promptly, or it would be of no avail.

Mr. WENTWORTH seconded the motion, which was carried, and the address ordered to be presented by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Treasurer.

POLICE MAGISTRATES.

Mr. WINDEYER moved, "That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to place on the Estimate for the year 1847, such sum, not exceeding one year's salary in each case, as His Excellency may deem advisable, for the purpose of affording compensation to the public officers, holding office under the Colonial Government only, whose offices were abolished in the years 1842 and 1843." He did not intend to detain the House at any great length on the motion. The original Address, embodying the proposition, was passed by an overwhelming majority, and as he saw the same honorable members in their places who voted for that Address, he did not feel called on to support elaborately the motion of which he had given notice. The vote of that House had, however, been rejected by the home Government, who had decided that no compensation was to be given to those officers. In refusing this compensation, however, the Government had fallen into error as to what the Council asked. It was not merely compensation for the offices which the Council had abolished, but for those which had been abolished by his Excellency Sir George Gipps himself. The despatch of Lord Stanley he took to be written entirely in mistake, and if the House saw nothing unconstitutional—no interference with imperial right, in the motion he laid before them, he hoped they would assent to it. It was quite right when such questions were involved, that the Imperial Government should have power to check them; but when they did not occur, he saw no particular reason why the Home Government should trouble itself whether they were extravagant or not. The honorable member proceeded at considerable length to read extracts from the former address of the Council, and from the despatches of Sir George Gipps and Lord Stanley respecting that address, and argued that a great fallacy had pervaded the consideration of the question. That it was not the mere want of money arising from the falling off of the revenue that had made the Council decide in favour of the abolition of these offices, but because they were opposed to the system altogether. Neither was the argument of Lord Stanley sustainable, that on voting compensation the House was voting money which the Council, on the abolition of the offices, had declared itself unable to afford. They had voted the abolition on principle, and he supposed it could barely be said that though they were prepared to vote a year's salary to the officers they had displaced, that the expense would be as great as if they continued these offices for six or seven years. He trusted the House would be unanimous on the point, and endeavour to do those parties justice, whom their previous vote had shown were entitled to compensation.

Mr. MURRAY seconded the motion.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY, before the question was put, would point out to the honorable and learned member the despatch of the Secretary of State, which he thought would prevent any steps being taken by the Government in this matter without referring it to the further intervention of the home Government. The honorable and learned member had given an historical account of the deprivation of those parties from their offices. No one would more sincerely rejoice than himself to see compensation afforded to these gentlemen; but as matters stood, he did not see that the local executive here could, of its own motion, interfere. The Council had addressed the home Government on the subject, and the answer they had received was, that compensation could not be afforded; from that decision he did not think the colonial government could swerve, although it would be willing to forward home the address of the Council on the subject.

Mr. MURRAY thought the powers of the Council were very circumscribed indeed, if they had not the power to appropriate this small sum of money. The principal reason assigned for the refusal of the Secretary of State to this claim for compensation, was the deficiency in the Colonial Exchequer, and this difficulty did not now exist.

Mr. LAMB should support the motion, whether the Government could accede to the address of the Council or not, it would at least show that the opinion of the Council had not changed with regard to the justice of the claim of compensation.

Mr. BOWMAN was of opinion that the Council must now, more strongly than at any former period, feel the claim the gentlemen, who had been displaced from office had for compensation. He knew a large amount of suffering had been incurred by that sudden deprivation, and he hoped that no delay might take place in the justice which the House would render to the parties aggrieved.

Mr. ROBINSON was not one who thought that much weight ought to be given to the despatch of Lord Stanley. There had since been a complete change in colonial affairs, and he took it that that despatch was, as most other despatches of the Right Honorable Nobleman's were, a mere echo of a previous despatch of Sir George Gipps.

Mr. WENTWORTH thought, if compensation were to be made, it should be made at once. Another twelve months or eighteen months would only render it useless to relieve the suffering which he believed had arisen out of the reductions it was found necessary to make.

Mr. DARVALL: Although he would not, as a general principle, support the idea that the Council was to await in its appropriation of moneys for the consent of the Home Government, yet must in the present instance look on such delay as unavoidable, the House having already formally stated its opinion to the Home Government, and having received a formal answer. He thought to act in defiance of that answer would not be desirable, nor that it would form a precedent which either experience or good sense could justify.

Mr. WINDEYER replied at some length, after which the question was put and passed, and the address ordered to be presented by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Colonial Treasurer.

PUBLICANS' BILL.

Mr. WENTWORTH moved, that the petition of the licensed victuallers, presented by him on the 23rd instant, be printed. He should, in consequence of the notice of motion given by the honorable member for Northumberland, postpone that part of his motion which referred to taking the petition into consideration.

Mr. DANGAR seconded the motion.

Mr. WINDEYER objected to printing the petition at all. The House had already decided it would not entertain the measure; and he thought they ought not to print a petition which asked the House to be guilty of the inconsistency of revoking such decision.

Mr. COWPER agreed with Mr. Windeyer that the Council could not, in order and consistency agree to the present motion.

Mr. MURRAY thought the Bill was one which ought to occupy the very serious attention of the House, and was therefore glad that it had been postponed till next session.

Mr. WENTWORTH: The question was whether the petition of a large and influential class of men, should be printed. If the motion of his hon. freind the member for Northumberland, "that the 81st standing order should be suspended," were agreed to, the difficulty in point of order would be got rid of, and the Council might then take the petition he had presented into consideration, and the printing of such petition was a necessary preliminary step.

The motion was then put, and the SPEAKER declared that the noes had it.

LEGAL PROFESSION.

Mr. LAMB moved, "That the several Petitions presented to the House for and against the passing of the Division of the Legal Profession Abolition Bill, be referred to the Select Committee on that Bill."

Mr. LITHGOW seconded the motion, which was passed.

STEAM COMMUNICATION.

Mr. COWPER, in the absence of Captain O'Connell, moved, "That the Petition presented by him on the 10th instant, in reference to the establishment of Steam Communication with Great Britain, and subsequently printed by order of the House, be referred to the Select Committee on that subject."

Mr. ROBINSON seconded the motion, which was passed.

DEEDS OF GRANT DATES BILL.

Mr. BREWSTER, in consideration of the opinions that had been expressed to him, moved for leave to withdraw the Bill to declare and amend the law with regard to the dates of deeds of grants of Crown land. He was still persuaded that the Bill was of great importance; but as the session would be very short, the Council might not have time to consider it properly.

Mr. LOWE seconded the motion, and in doing so must declare his opinion that the Bill was not such a one as the Council could pass advantageously to the public interests.

Leave was granted to withdraw the Bill.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT.

Mr. LOWE moved the third reading of the Bill for simplifying the law abolishing Imprisonment for Debt. As it had been intimated by the honorable member for Sydney that he should move the re-commitment of the Bill, he would in the first place refer to their Standing Orders, which stated that it was not in order to alter any Bill after it had passed through Committee, except by a rider previously engrossed. He therefore concluded under the 75th Standing Order, that it was not competent for the honorable member to move that the Bill be re-committed, although it would be competent for the honorable member for Melbourne to move the rider, which he had intimated to the House, that the Bill should not take effect till the 1st of January next. He, however, could agree to neither proposal, for he could not consider that the parties who had petitioned the House had any vested interests which that Council was called on to maintain. The credit which they had granted was granted on the alleged security of the jurisdiction of the Court, which never did exist at all. The power of arrest was distinctly vested in the Commissioner of the Court of Requests, under the 21st section of the 6th Victoria, c. 15. Under the 28th clause of the amended Insolvent Act, however, that power was taken away, and that clause gave not a power of arrest, but a power to hold to bail; but it was under this clause that the arrests under the Court of Requests Act of late had taken place. Now it happened, by a singular coincidence, that on the very day on which this Act was assented to on the part of her Majesty, a rule of the Court of Requests was promulgated by the Governor, authorising the arrest of the body of a creditor; and it was under this rule that the writs of arrest had been lately issued. The effect, therefore, of the rule was to nullify the Act of the Council; and the result had been, that while the law abolishing imprisonment for debt in Supreme Court cases had been obeyed, in cases tried in the Court of Requests it had been evaded. It was the impression out of doors, that the power of the Court of Requests to imprison for debt was left intact; whereas such was not the case; and he contended, that all the warrants of arrest that had been issued by the Commissioner had been issued illegally. The question therefore was, not whether they should take away any powers already possessed by the Court; but whether they should create new ones. Whether, in fact, the Council was prepared to give back to the creditor in a time of prosperity, the right which they had thought fit to deprive him of in a time of adversity. Whether they would adopt two systems of legislature—one to work when money was plentiful, another when it was scarce. It appeared to him to matter very little what that House resolved on, for the Court of Requests was not governed by it. The Commissioner indeed had actually ventured to try to make terms with the House, and had said that he would not exercise the jurisdiction most unwisely given, he (Mr. Lowe) thought of giving time—if he were not allowed to exercise this power of imprisonment which he never possessed. Now he would ask that Council whether this was language befitting a Judge enjoying a large salary, to say that the duties which the law says he may do, and implies he must do, are such as he will not perform except under conditions. He would say that it was matter of stern duty to him to exercise all the jurisdiction vested in him, and not to cavil with this Council as to what he ought to be allowed to do. It was the Council to judge whether they would now pass the measure before them, or return to the old system which prevailed before the passing of the Bill abolishing Imprisonment for Debt—for it was only to give effect to that Act that the present Bill was introduced.

Mr. ROBINSON seconded the motion.

Mr. COWPER thought that the honorable and learned member had entirely lost sight of the Act passed by the Council in December, 1844, the 24th section of which gave the Commissioner the power which he (the honorable and learned member) complained he now exercised illegally. He would make one remark with respect to the Bill. It was said, and he thought truly, that the creditor for £31 might by process in the Supreme Court, imprison his debtor, whilst the suitor for £29 in the Court of Requests could not, and that therefore an injustice was committed on the poor man that was not on the rich.

Mr. LOWE admitted that he had overlooked the Act mentioned by Mr. Cowper.

Mr. BLAND said, the admission of the honorable and learned member proved the whole of his arguments to be based upon a fallacy—that their foundation being taken away, they were *in nubibus*, and deserved no consideration. He should, therefore, consider the Bill on its own merits; and, looking at it in this light, he could not support it. It was not a measure that dealt equal justice to the rich and to the poor man, for the suitors in the Supreme Court, who were the men of wealth, had the advantage over the claimants in the Court of Requests. This he contended was the harder, as in the case of the Court of Requests, there was seldom any tangible property to lay hold of. The law, if passed, would entirely break down the system of credit amongst the poorer classes which already existed, and which it was necessary should exist. The struggling widow would be made its victim in many instances, for in such cases as the letting of lodgings, it was impossible to avoid giving credit. He thought, to pass the measure would be to deprive the colony of an incalculable benefit: for whilst they were endeavouring to make law cheap, they would take away an

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appeal to law which was both cheap and expeditious, and which, he believed, had always worked well for the public benefit.

Mr. ROBINSON thought the arguments of the honorable member for Sydney were altogether based on a fallacy. The system of credit was not compulsory, and he believed that to all parties it would be much better that it was done away with. He believed with regard to persons with salaries getting into debt, that it would be better for themselves if they had to pay ready money; and he would wish that tailors were not allowed to send out a suit of clothes until they were paid for.

The COLONIAL-SECRETARY approved of the principle of the Bill, the abolition of imprisonment for debt; but was of opinion that in practice it would not work well. That it would prevent credit being given altogether, which he thought would be disadvantageous; he thought the decision arrived at by the Commissioner of the Court of Requests, not to give time, unless he had the power to imprison, was governed by a wise discretion: for what would it be but offering a man temptation to commit fraud, if time were allowed him to pay, what he could not be compelled to pay at all. He would of course make his property over to somebody else, and the creditor would be defrauded. With regard to the point of order, he considered it quite competent for the Council to alter the Bill, as in 1845, on the third reading of the Customs Bill it had been recommitted. The practice of the House indeed throughout had been so, and he should therefore move that the Bill be recommitted on Friday next.

Mr. COWPER seconded the amendment.

Mr. DANGAR thought the law as it at present stood was most efficacious, and that the attempt to reform it by the measure of the honorable and learned member for Auckland would be attended with the most injurious effects.

Mr. DARVALL should not have felt called on to say anything on the present debate, if the whole matter at issue were not disposed of by the third reading of the Bill. The honorable and learned member had fallen into an error with respect to the law; but he did think that it did become every one to speak with the greatest caution of people behind their backs. The remarks of the honorable and learned member on the Commissioner had been most severe; and, as they were founded on a fallacy, he hoped he would in his reply retract them. The honorable and learned gentlemen professed to be guided by abstract principles of law. Now he supposed that the law would make no delay at all; that under the law the person of the debtor might at once be seized. But this evil the Court of Requests Act avoided, and it must be borne in mind that it was not a mere debt which the Council was called upon to countenance by this measure, but a gross fraud. It was to protect the man who, having got into debt, would not pay although he was able.

Mr. WINDEYER remarked, with reference to the point of order, that he took the same view of it as his honorable friend the Colonial Secretary; and, on reference to the records of the House, he found precedents of the same nature as he (the Colonial Secretary) had quoted. The Standing Orders said, that no amendment should be made on the third reading, but an amendment might be moved, as to whether the third reading should or should not take place; and the mere fact of their having ordered the Bill to be engrossed afforded no reason why they should not again go into committee upon it (hear, hear). He did not feel much at liberty to quarrel with the Bill of his honorable and learned friend the member for St. Vincent, for he was not present during the earlier stage of its progress, and he approved of the general principle upon which the Bill was framed. He should be glad, however, to see this Bill in committee once more, in order that it might be amended in the respect alluded to: for there was a class of persons who could only be kept in order by the terror of personal incarceration; and he saw no reason why the defendant in all actions of tort—such for example as would frequently occur beyond the boundaries when Courts of Requests were established there—should not be made to pay in person, when they were unwilling or unable to pay in purse. He was fully sensible of the folly of imprisonment for debt as a general principle; and he was altogether unable to see the force of the remarks which had fallen from the hon. and learned member from Castlereagh-street, who while he denounced this proceeding as a slur upon the poor man, was himself casting such a slur, by insinuating that the poor man could not safely be trusted at all, unless he was kept honest by the dread of imprisonment.

Mr. LOWE, in reply, remarked, that in this discussion there had been urged, according to the old saying, a few true things and a few new things. The Colonial Secretary had advanced one of the new things, but by no means one of the true things, when he complained of the want of a proper deliberation. The honorable gentleman had forgotten that this measure was deliberated upon during the last session, and that this very question was considered in committee. The Bill had only lapsed in consequence of the prorogation, and so far from having been hastily determined upon, had received a greater share of deliberation than usually fell to measures adopted by that House. With reference to the point of order, the interpretation of the rule alluded to, if his view of it was correct, make dead against him: for according to his opinion of the rule, the House was bound rather to cast out the Bill altogether, than to re-commit it; and he would rather see it wholly negatived than that the House should thus break through its own rules, which had the force of an Act of Parliament. It had been said that he had made reflections upon the Commissioner of the Court of Requests, which his argument did not justify; and the Colonial Secretary had said that the Commissioner, in acting as he had done, had exercised a sound discretion. What he (Mr. Lowe) complained of was, that the Commissioner had exercised a discretion at all upon the matter, for where the Legislature had chosen in its wisdom to give him one power and withhold from him another, it was a breach of his duty to refrain from exercising the power which was actually conferred upon him, because he did not possess that which the Legislature had chosen to withhold. He would therefore repeat what he had formerly said upon this point, and when he saw a public functionary, thus determining what part of the law he would act upon and what reject, he should think himself forgetful of his duty if he was to refrain from calling attention to it merely because the functionary referred to did not possess a seat in that House. The honorable member for Cumberland had imputed to him an error in the statement of the law. The fact was, that the old Act which provided for imprisonment for debt by the Court of Requests was changed by the Act passed in December, 1843, and on the same day a number of law forms were issued, which were really forms of proceeding under the old Act; these forms were used during the whole of the ensuing year, and for this the Commissioner or the officer acting in that behalf, was liable. It was for this that they had the Act, which the honorable member for Cumberland had referred to, authorising the writs of *capias ad satisfaciendum*, and the forms in which these writs were issued, addressed not to the Sheriff but to the Bailiff of the Court, afforded sufficient proof that this Court was unfit to exercise such a power as that alluded to. The main facts were, therefore, as he had stated them, and his only error was a mistaking the determination of the House upon this subject; for imprisonment for debt had during that discussion been supported by arguments, as if the House had not determined upon its abolition three years ago. The honorable and learned member from Castlereagh-street had argued in favour of a power of imprisoning the poor man, and by a singular ingenuity he had made it to appear that a withholding of this power was an injustice upon that class of persons, by exposing them to greater hardships than the richer members of society. The Bill did indeed propose a distinction between the poor man and the rich one: for it released the former from imprisonment altogether, while it retained imprisonment in certain cases as respected the latter. It had been asked what the poor man would do if prevented from obtaining a loaf on the credit of his week's wages; but the course he ought to adopt was plain, he should contrive to be a week beforehand, and thus provide against the necessity of receiving credit at all. It was not against the poor man, however, that this power of imprisonment was sought to be exercised, but against the clerks in Government, and who, although in the receipt of salaries, were unwilling to pay, and possessed perhaps no property upon which a levy could be made. The true remedy against these persons, however, was to know the declared insolvent, and to procure their dismissal by an exposure of their dishonesty. He would again entreat the House rather to reject the Bill altogether than to ride rough shod over their own standing orders, as they were asked to do by the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. ROBINSON remarked that if the honorable and learned member for St. Vincent enquired into the matter, he would find that there had been no arrest from the Court of Requests in the year 1844.

The question was then put on the amendment, which was carried.

ELECTION OF GOVERNMENT OFFICERS.

The second reading of the Government Officers Election Prevention Bill was postponed until Friday next, upon the motion of Mr. WENTWORTH, who stated that as the Bill was a very important one, he wished to bring on its discussion in a full House.

CATARRH IN SHEEP.

The further consideration of the Scab and Catarrh in Sheep Act Amendment Bill was postponed until Friday next, upon the motion of Mr. COWPER, who stated that he wished for the postponement partly because he expected by that time to receive suggestions from several gentlemen in the country, who had been written to on the subject; and partly because the honorable and learned member for Durham was desirous of going into Committee this evening upon the Small Debts Bill.

SMALL DEBTS BILL.

The House went into Committee upon the above Bill, on the motion of Mr. WINDEYER, and most of the clauses were gone through without debate. The jurisdiction of a single magistrate was extended from 40s. to £5; and several of the clauses upon which it was understood that amendments would be proposed, were postponed. The Committee then reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again on Friday next.

POSTPONEMENTS.

The second reading of the Insolvent Estates Administration Bill, the Freehold Estates Conveyance Bill, and the Masters and Servants Act Amendment Bill, and the consideration in Committee of the Ordinary Revenue Appropriation Bill, were postponed until Friday next.

The Council adjourned at twelve minutes to nine P.M. until three o'clock to-morrow (this) afternoon.

THE LAND QUESTION.

The divisions on this question having been incorrectly given in Saturday's *Herald*, we re-publish them from the printed votes:—

Mr. LOWE moved, pursuant to notice, "That the raising the minimum upset price of land, first to 12s, and afterwards to £1 per acre, has rendered Waste Land unsaleable."

Debate ensued.

Mr. MACARTHUR moved the previous question.

Debate continued.

Question put "Shall the question be now put?"

Council divided.

Ayes, 12.	Noes, 10.
The Colonial Secretary	Captain Dumaresq
Mr. Berry	Mr. Wentworth
Lowe	Foster
Lamb	Parker
Cowper	Grant
Murray	Macarthur
Bowman	Dangar
Suttor	Allen
Lawson	Bland
Captain O'Connell	Robinson, (Teller).
Mr. Lord	
Windeyer (Teller).	

Original question put,

Council divided.

Ayes, 12.	Noes, 7.
The Colonial Secretary	Captain Dumaresq
Mr. Berry	Mr. Dangar
Lowe	Bland
Lamb	Foster
Bowman	Grant
Cowper	Wentworth
Lawson	Robinson, (Teller,)
Captain O'Connell	
Mr. Murray	
Suttor	
Lord	
Windeyer, (Teller).	

Mr LOWE moved:—(2.) That while this price is maintained, the squatting question can never be settled on a just and satisfactory basis.

Moved as an amendment by Mr. WENTWORTH, That a Select Committee be appointed to enquire into the Bill to amend an Act for regulating the sale of Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the Australian colonies, and to make further provision for the management thereof—introduced by Mr. Hope into the House of Commons, at the close of the session of Parliament 1845;—and to report on the provisions thereof, and the accompanying Despatches from Lord Stanley to Sir George Gipps, of the 7th and 30th August, 1845.

Debate ensued.

Question put on the amendment.

Council divided.

Ayes, 10.	Noes, 11.
Mr. Parker	The Colonial Secretary
Captain O'Connell	Mr. Murray
Captain Dumaresq	Berry
Dr. Bland	Lowe
Mr. Dangar	Cowper
Lawson	Bowman
Foster	Lord
Wentworth	Grant
Robinson	Lamb
Allen (Teller).	Suttor
	Windeyer (Teller).

Original question put and passed.

Mr. LOWE moved:—(3) That the minimum upset price of land ought to be reduced to a sum not exceeding its value.

Question put and passed.

Mr. LOWE moved:—(4) That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, containing these Resolutions, and requesting him to take them into favourable consideration.

Debate ensued.

Mr. COWPER moved as an amendment, that the following words be added after the word "consideration"—"and praying that His Excellency will be pleased to recommend to Her Majesty's Government the repeal of the Land Sales Act, 5 and 6 Victoria, cap 36, and the resumption of immigration to the extent stated in the Report of the Select Committee, appointed on the 22nd August, 1845."

Debate continued.

Moved as an amendment by Mr. WENTWORTH, That the word "take," and all the words following be expunged, and that the words "transmit them to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, for the information of her Majesty's Government; and praying that his Excellency will be pleased to recommend to her Majesty's Government the repeal of the Land Sales Act, 5 and 6 Victoria, cap 36, and the resumption of Immigration to the extent stated in the Report of the Select Committee, appointed on the 22nd August, 1845,"—be inserted in their place.

Debate continued.

Moved as an amendment, by Mr. WINDEYER, That an Address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, requesting him to forward the Resolutions to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, for the information of Her Majesty.

Debate continued.

Question put on the amendment last proposed.

Council divided.

Ayes, 10.	Noes, 8.
The Colonial Secretary	Mr. Foster
Mr. Berry	Lawson
Lowe	Wentworth
Lamb	Cowper
Bowman	Dangar
Lord	Dr. Bland
Suttor	Captain O'Connell
Murray	Mr. Robinson, (teller)
Grant	
Windeyer, (teller)	

Address to be presented by the Speaker, the Colonial Secretary, and the Auditor-General.

DOMESTIC INTELIGENCE.

NEWCASTLE.

THE following congratulatory address from the inhabitants of the town and vicinity of Newcastle, was presented to His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, at Government House, Sydney, on the 24th September, 1846:—

ADDRESS.

To His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

May it please Your Excellency,—We, the inhabitants of the town of Newcastle and its vicinity, respectfully beg leave to approach Your Excellency, to offer our sincere congratulations upon Your Excellency's arrival on our shores, to assume the government of so important and interesting a portion of the British Empire, and to assure Your Excellency of our unshaken loyalty to the throne and person of our Most Gracious Sovereign, Queen Victoria.

The annals of history have pourtrayed the success which attended Your Excellency's administration of government in other colonies; and in selecting Your Excellency to preside over the destinies, and to direct the Councils of New South Wales, Her Majesty has given an earnest proof of her maternal solicitude for the welfare, prosperity, and moral advancement of her people in this colony.

We trust that the day is not distant when the Port of Newcastle may be visited by your Excellency, to afford its inhabitants a more favourable opportunity to express their esteem and respect for your Excellency's person, and that of your illustrious consort.

[Here follow the signatures.]

To which his Excellency was pleased to make the following

REPLY.

To the Inhabitants of the Town and Vicinity of Newcastle.

Gentlemen,—I beg you to accept my thanks for your Congratulatory Address on my arrival, and my assumption of the Government of this colony.

I mark with pleasure your assurances of unshaken loyalty to the throne and person of our most gracious Sovereign.

It is my intention to visit several of the country districts, and I shall be happy to include the Port of Newcastle in my tour.

(Signed) CHARLES A. FITZ ROY.

Government House, Sydney,
24th September, 1846.

WOOL SALES.

SALE of 13 bales of Wool, by Messrs. C. and J. D. JACOMB, on Thursday, the 14th May:—

Ex *Royal Tar*.—Marked M-M with M under, 3 at 19½d, 4 at 10d, and 2 at 12d; GF, 4 at 13d.

Sale of 91 bales by Messrs. DANIEL HAZARD and SON, on Thursday, May 14:—

Ex *Hoogley*.—RHS, 1 at 23d., 13 at 22½d., 4 at 21½d., 1 at 20d., 1 at 19½d., 1 at 18d., and 1 at 15d.

Ex *George*.—2 at 24½d., 30 at 24d., 20 at 23½d., 5 at 23d., 6 at 22½d., and 3 at 17d.

Sale of 553 bales of wool by Messrs. THOMAS SOUTHEY AND SON, on Friday, 15th May:—

Ex *Urgent*.—Marked RP, 4 at 17½d, and 8 at 17d.

Ex *Hoogley*.—JJT, 28 at 20½d, 18 at 20d, 5 at 19½d, and 2 at 14d; LE with NSW under, 8 at 19½d. 5 at 18½d, 5 at 17½d. 8 at 17d, 5 at 16½d, and 9 at 16; JC, 6 at 13½d; MR, 23 at 13½d, and 4 at 13d.

Ex *Royal Tar*.—Pike, 2 at 20½d, 1 at 20d, 1 at 18½d, and 1 at 14d.

Ex *Graham*.—TR, 10 at 13½d, 18 at 13d, 15 at 12½d, 4 at 12d, 5 at 11d, and 2 at 9½d; JT with M under, in diamond, 1 at 14d; JT with CB over and M under, 1 at 13½d; JT with M under, 2 at 14½d, 1 at 14d, and 4 at 13d; HA with an anchor between, 1 at 26d, and 5 at 25½d; WB with an anchor between, 3 at 25½d, 4 at 24d, and 9 at 20½d; BE with F under, 7 at 16d; TA, 10 at 14½d, 10 at 13½d, and 5 at 18d; WL with P under, 1 at 19d, 3 at 15½d, and 3 at 11d; BM with G under, 5 at 15d; "S, 2 at 16d; "A, 1 at 21½d; PG, 3 at 14d; M'D, 2 at 16d, 1 at 13d, 1 at 11d; LB, 24 at 13½d, 5 at 13d, 5 at 12½d, 1 at 9½d, and 1 at 8½d.

Ex *Urgent*.—WCW, 3 at 17d., 6 at 16½d.; JA with R under, 2 at 20d., 2 at 19d., 3 at 18d, 2 at 17½d, 1 at 16½d, 1 at 15d, 1 at 14½d, 2 at 10½d, and 3 at 10d.; WW, 4 at 13½d; CA and Co., 3 at 15½d.

Ex *Corsair*.—BM with A under, 3 at 21d; WB, with an anchor between, 14 at 23d, 3 at 22½d, and 8 at 22d; HA ditto, 1 at 26d, and 8 at 25½d; ST in diamond, 1 at 16d, and 4 at 13½d; A, 1 at 13d; BE with F under, 4 at 15½d, and 5 at 15d; AK, 5 at 13½d, 25 at 13d.

Ex *Hoogley*.—CA and Co., 5 at 18½d, 1 at 18d, 33 at 17d, 39 at 16½d, 16 at 16d, 5 at 15½d, 2 at 14½d, 4 at 13d, 2 at 11d, and 3 at 9d; "B, 6 at 18½d; C"a and Co. with A and B under, 1 at 18d; A" and Co., 1 at 17d; GMD, 5 at 21d, 3 at 20½d, and 3 at 19d.

Sale of 242 bags of wool, by Mr. Henry P. HUGHES, on Saturday the 16th May:—

Ex *Hoogley*.—Marked H. M'A, 5 at 34½d, 4 at 34d, 3 at 24d, 15 at 23½d, 15 at 22d, 38 at 21½d, 1 at 21d, 2 at 20d, and 3 at 17d.; H. M'A with C under, 9 at 23½d, 4 at 22½d, 13 at 21½d, 9 at 21d, and 1 at 14½d.; H. M'A with A under, 9 at 21½d, 6 at 21d, 4 at 20½d, 2 at 20d, and 1 at 14d.

Ex *George*.—MJW, 2 at 18d.; J. Ross, 13 at 19½d, and 1 at 18d.; L and A in diamond, 6 at 10½d.; HCA, 11 at 20d, 5 at 19d, and 4 at 18½d.; JMA with H under, 3 at 18d.; RD in diamond, with L under, 5 at 23d, 5 at 22½d, 4 at 22d, 1 at 19½d, and 1 at 19d.

Ex *Hoogley*.—Rostron, 7 at 18½d, and 5 at 18d.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. STUBBS.—On the premises, at 12 o'clock, the Dolphin Hotel and Premises in Bridge-street; at the Sydney College, at 1 o'clock, the Furniture of the Boarding Establishment, &c.

MR. W. G. MOORE.—On the premises, No. 4, Kent-street, two doors from Bathurst-street, at 12 o'clock, Household Furniture, &c.

FANCY BAZAAR.—The annual sale of useful and ornamental articles, the proceeds of which are intended to assist in liquidating the debt upon the New Congregational Church, Pitt-street, will be held this day, in the saloon of the Royal Hotel. Great exertions have been made to render the display of choice and really useful articles superior to that of any previous effort for the same object.

DISTRICT COUNCILS.—It having been certified to the Governor that the vacancies existing in the Hartley District Council were not filled up by election on the first Tuesday in the month of May, in accordance with the terms of the Charter of Incorporation, His Excellency has directed it to be notified, that in pursuance of the powers vested in him by the Act of the Imperial Parliament, 5 and 6 Victoria, chap. 76, he has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Councillors for the said district,—viz.: John Maxwell, Esquire, and John Grant, Esquire. They are to hold office until the 1st May, 1849.

THE FLORAL SOCIETY.—The annual spring show of this Association takes place to-day, in the Market shed A. The exhibition, after being seen by the members and their families, will be opened for strangers on paying 1s. admission money. Colonel Bloomfield, of the 11th Regiment, has very handsomely granted the use of the regimental band on this occasion.

THE WHITE FAST OF THE JEWS.—The solemn fast of the great Israelitish family is founded on Lev. xxiii. 26—32. It commenced last evening, and terminates this evening. The services of the Synagogues continue the whole of the day: for the ancient order of the day see the 16th chapter Leviticus. Hebrew divines state, "whoever confesses his sins before God, with a sorrowful heart, and promises amendment, and yields all enmity towards all his neighbours, and endeavours to satisfy those whom he has injured, wronged, or offended, will receive a remission of sin." The object of the day is also "to promote the reconciliation of one man with another, the great family of mankind." Relative to the abstaining of food and drink on this day, and the object of fasting, Lindo, in his Jewish Calendar, assigns the following—"The infidel, a voluptuary, may ridicule the idea of the Almighty Creator of the universe, being pleased or displeased with a man having a full or empty stomach; but whatever tends directly or indirectly to subdue rebellious passions, as are subject, in a creature like man, to the restraint of reason and religion, cannot fail of being a matter of the highest importance to our well-being here, and an everlasting destiny hereafter." This day, in holy writ, is called the "Day of Atonement." The term "White Fast," we believe is used in contra-distinction of another fast, called the "Black Fast," which is kept as a day of sorrow, in commemroation of the downfall of the Jewish nation, the destruction of their Temple at Jerusalem, and we believe in many countries white is chiefly the colour worn on this occasion.

A BEARDED PROPHET.—Within the last few days a man was received in Sydney Gaol, under a sentence of imprisonment from Berrima, for stealing a watch. When the prisoner arrived at Mr. Keck's establishment, he was adorned with a beard of venerable hue and unusual length, as it was verging to the silver gray, and extending downwards to his waist. When he entered Sydney Gaol he was very urgent with Mr. Keck to allow him to pass without being shaved, alleging that he was an Israelite, and that his conscience had a repugnance to shaving. As the gaol rules expressly provide that every prisoner must be shaved, Mr. K. ordered the man of blades and suds to do his duty. After the prisoner had been shorn of his locks, he was asked for his name, when it turned out that he was John Massey, a convict under sentence, and a runaway from Newcastle ironed-gang for two years and upwards. It has also been ascertained that the prisoner was formerly assigned in Berrima, where he had about three years ago been tried and convicted of a robbery, for which he was sent to Sydney Gaol, passed to Cockatoo Island, and thence to the ironed-gang at Newcastle, from which he effected his escape: he then assumed the beard, returned to Berrima as a free man, where he remained till again charged with stealing a watch, of which he was convicted under an assumed name, and forwarded to Sydney under the same, where, but for his being barberised, he might have remained *incog*.

NEW WESLEYAN CHAPEL.—On Monday last, the foundation stone of a new Wesleyan Chapel, in Bourke-street, Surry Hills, was laid by Mr. Councillor Iredale, by whom the ground has been given, together with a handsome subscription in money. A suitable address was delivered by the Rev. Nathaniel Turner, and prayers were offered up by the Rev. W. B. Boyce and Rev. S. Wilkinson. The dimensions of the building, the front of which is to be stone, are fifty feet by thirty, and the estimated cost between £600 and £700. It is expected to be opened for Divine Service on the 26th of January next. After the services connected with the laying of the stone, the numerous assembly retired to the lawn of Mr. Iredale's residence, where they partook of a plain repast, in booths erected for the occasion.

ST. LAWRENCE PARISH.—We are requested to call the special attention of the parishioners to the meeting to be held this evening, to relieve the surviving trustees from the liabilities that have fallen upon them by the death of their co-trustees.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed Mr. Thomas Kerr, Inspector of Slaughter Houses and of Cattle intended to be slaughtered in the town of Ailsa and district of Cassilis.

FORGED NOTES.—A considerable number of forged notes of the Bank of New South Wales have recently been put into circulation. They are remarkable well executed, so much so that it is almost impossible to detect them even when there are good notes to compare them with. The signature of Messrs. Bettington and Lawson are engraved, but it requires a practised eye to decide that they are not written with a pen. At present there is no clue to the utterer.

POLICE COURT BUSINESS.—TUESDAY.—This Court was opened and closed before Captain Innes, at eleven o'clock. There were thirty-nine cases on the lists, viz, nineteen drunkards, of whom four were discharged, two paid 5s., six paid 11s., three went to the stocks for two hours, two to the cells for twenty-four hours, Patrick Enwright and Sarah Roberts, for repeatedly offending, were each ordered to pay 21s, or go to the cells for forty-eight hours; Johanna Dacey, Catherine Maloney, and Johanna Brown, for vagrancy, were sent to gaol, the two former for one month, and the latter for six weeks. Of eighteen cases on the general list, nine prisoners were discharged, three were remanded, Margaret Williams, Serina Marks, and Moses Reardon, for disorderly conduct, were each bound to good behaviour; Catherine Phillips, on the complaint of Agnes Wilson, for a breach of the peace, was bound to keep the same for twelve months; and Patrick Ryan, for riding on his dray in Macquarie-place, paid 12s. 6d.

INQUEST.—An inquisition was held yesterday, in the "Three Tuns Tavern," corner of King and Castlereagh streets, on the body of Margaret Warren Smith, then lying dead in the General Hospital; the following evidence was adduced: Honora Melville, of Elizabeth-street, deposed, the deceased had resided with her for the last four months; she left witness's house on Saturday evening, and did not again return to sleep there; she did not complain of sickness, but fretted about the unkindness of her husband and family, who, although able, would render her no assistance towards her support; she was about thirty-six years of age; she returned to witness's house on Monday, and said she would sleep there that night; she went out and again returned about ten o'clock at night, and then went away again, saying she would return on the following day; witness did not see her again alive, she seemed then to be in her usual health; when complaining of the neglect of her relatives, she sometimes became greatly affected, and then said she had a pain in her chest; her only means of subsistence for the last three months were the rations she received from the Benevolent Asylum; she appeared very merry on Monday night; she has made several attempts to destroy herself, being at times out of her mind; she was a very temperate woman. William Freeland, a constable, deposed that about half-past ten o'clock on Monday night he saw the deceased in a sitting posture on the ground, in Elizabeth-street, near the school-house gate; she appeared to be very ill, breathed heavily, and was suffering from spasms; witness had her removed to the watch-house, and sent for Dr. M'Ewan, who arrived in a few minutes; he attempted to bleed her, but she had expired; when witness first saw her he asked her if it was the spasms which were paining her, when she said she had been labouring under asthma; she was quite sober. Frances Mary White, of Elizabeth-street: While in her sister's house on Monday night, heard a rap at the door, when she opened it she saw the deceased, who appeared to be very ill; witness got assistance, and was taking her to the doctor's, but when she arrived opposite St. James's watch-house, she became so very unwell that witness got a constable and placed her in the station house, where she soon after died. Dr. M'Ewan: Had been called on to see the deceased, but before he arrived at the watch-house she was dead. He thought life might not have been extinct, and opened a vein in the neck without any good effect. He had since made a *post mortem* examination of the body and found the heart diseased to such an extent as sufficiently accounted for death. The Jury returned a verdict of died by the visitation of God.

LONDON PRICE CURRENT, MAY 15.—Sperm oil and head matter, British, £81 per tun; Sperm oil and head matter, American, £80 per tun; southern whale and elephant oil, pale in casks, £25 10s. per tun; southern whale and elephant oil, 2nd quality, in casks, £24 10s. per tun; pale seal oil, in casks, £28 per tun; cod oil, in casks £28 per tun; Spanish olive oil, £37 per tun; Gallipoli oil, £41 per tun. Linseed oil, 24s. 6d. per cwt.; rape oil, 34s. per cwt.; refined rape oil, 35s. per cwt.. Refined spermaceti, 1s. 4d. per lb. Tallow, New South Wales, 37s. to 42s. 6d. per cwt. Linseed, Russian, best quality, 43s. per quarter; linseed, Archangel, 40s. to 41s. per quarter; linseed, Riga, 40s. to 41s. per quarter; linseed, Odessa, 46s. per quarter; linseed, East India, 45s. per quarter. Whalebone, northern, £270 per ton; whalebone, southern, £250 per ton. Linseed cake, English, £11 per thousand of 3 lbs. each. Linseed cake, foreign, £6 to £7 per ton; rape cake, £6 per ton. WILLIAM, JOHN AND HENRY BEALE, 4, Jeffrey's Square.

No 17, COLONNADE, BRIDGE-STREET, SYDNEY.—We are particularly requested by Mr. Stubbs, City Auctioneer, to invite capitalists to the sale of the Dolphin Hotel, in Bridge-street, this day,—producing a sound income of £156 per annum, with the prospect of a very considerable immediate advance. He would, therefore, respectfully submit to those gentlemen who are unable to procure a safe medium of investment, that no other mode is so remunerative or certain as City property, and that this in particular will return some 15 or 20 per cent. The furniture of the Sydney College Boarding Establishment will be sold, on the premises, by Mr. Stubbs, this day, at one o'clock, without reserve.—*Communicated.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our various Correspondents.)

PARRAMATTA.

THE DISTRESSED IRISH.—A public meeting was held on Monday, at the Court House, (the use of which had been, on application, most readily granted by Mr. Gilbert Eliott, P.M.,) for the purpose of considering the propriety of raising subscriptions in aid of the poor of Ireland.

Mr. GEORGE OAKES having been placed in the chair, opened the business of the meeting by explaining, in very forcible language, the objects for which it had assembled, on which

Mr. BRADLEY moved, that in consequence of the paucity of persons attending the meeting, and which was solely attributable to the shortness of the notice given of the meeting, and to which cause also might be referred the absence of the district residents, that the meeting be adjourned until Monday next.

Mr. Bradley's motion being seconded by Mr BEALE, the meeting was adjourned accordingly.

THE COLONIAL HOSPITAL.—A few weeks since a prisoner of the Crown, named Caulfield, assigned to the General Hospital in this district, as clerk, was brought before the Police Court at the instance of the overseer of the establishment, Mr. P. Plunkett, charged with having assaulted him (Mr. P.) The prisoner Caulfield at this time met the accusation by asserting that it was preferred against him merely through malice, in consequence of his having accusations of a very serious nature to prefer against the said overseer, and which he thereon submitted to the Court. Dr. Hill, the surgeon in charge of the Hospital, being at this time absent from Parramatta, the prisoner was then, and from time to time subsequently, remanded until Monday last, when Dr. H. being in attendance, a long investigation took place in open Court. The principal points of the charge preferred by the prisoner Caulfield were the misapplication and misappropriation of Hospital stores. But as the case is again remanded until to-day, Wednesday, and the evidence taken on Monday was entirely *ex parte*, it would be unjust to report it until the enquiry is concluded, which it is expected will be to-day.

YASS.

THE absence of several of the resident gentlemen of this district has till now prevented a meeting being called to congratulate our new Governor on his safe arrival. A notice now appears on the Court House door, calling a meeting for that purpose on the 6th October.

ENGLISH NEWS.

MONEY-MARKET AND CITY INTELLIGENCE.

(From the Times, May 20.)

TUESDAY EVENING.—The premium on gold at Paris is 16 per mille, which, at the English Mint price of £3 17s 10½d per ounce for standard gold, gives an exchange of 25 55: and the exchange at Paris on London at short being 25 75, it follows that gold is ·78 per cent dearer in London than in Paris.

By advices from Hamburgh, the price of gold is 436 per mark, which, at the English Mint price of £3 17s 10½d per ounce for standard gold, gives an exchange of 13s 10½d; and the exchange at Hamburgh on London at short being 13s 11½d, it follows that gold is ·57 per cent dearer in London than in Hamburgh.

The course of exchange at New York on London is 109½ per cent, and the par of exchange between England and America being 109 23-40 per cent, it follows that the exchange is ·18 per cent in favour of England. But the quoted exchange at New York being for bills at 60 days' sight, the interest must be added to the above difference.

The English securities were quiet this afternoon. Prices continue steady, and dealings having been very limited, little alteration has occurred in the aspect of the market. Consols for money and the account, left off at 95¾ to ⅞; Bank Stock, 205 to 206; Three per Cents. Reduced, 95⅜ to ½; Three-and-a-Quarter per Cents., 97⅞ to ¼; Long Annuities, 10 3-16; India Stock, 264 to 266; and Exchequer bills, 18s. to 22s. pm.

The foreign market was equally inactive. In Mexican not much has been done, but operations still favour a decline. The Actives were finally done at 32⅛ for money and the account. A feeling of satisfaction is generally expressed at the result of the meeting of bondholders yesterday. Danish were done at the close of the day at 87½; Mexican deferred, at 15½; Portuguese Three per Cents., at 57; the Four per Cents., at 57½; Russian, at 109½; Spanish Five per Cents., at 24½; the Three per Cents., for the account, at 37⅛; Dutch Two-and-a-Half per cents., at 59⅞; the Four per Cents., Certificates, at 91⅞; and for the account, 91⅞.

With the exception that the prices for paper on Holland were, if anything, a trifle higher to day, and for Frankfort rather lower, there was no alteration in the foreign exchanges.

NORTH AUSTRALIA.

HOUSE OF LORDS, MAY 19.

EARL GREY wished to ask Her Majesty's Government whether any measures had been taken for the establishment of a new colony, which was, he believed, to be called North Australia: for it appeared from papers that had been laid before the House, that a new colony was to be founded, consisting almost exclusively of persons who had undergone the sentence of the law, and who were, in New South Wales language, emancipated.

Lord Lyttleton said, undoubtedly the scheme to which the noble earl referred had been carried on to a great degree; but he was a little surprised at his noble friend bringing the question forward at that time, because he must have seen from the papers that the intention of the Government to institute a new colony was made known eighteen months ago. No objection had ever been raised to that scheme, and the arrangements connected with it had been carried through to a great extent: as to the description of the settlement, it was not quite such as his noble friend stated. It was to be a new colony to the north of the settlements in New South Wales, and was not necessarily to consist of emancipated convicts. Those persons who have gone through their punishment in Van Diemen's Land were certainly to have facilities given to them to proceed to that settlement; but it was also intended to give facilities to the poorer classes of this country who wished to proceed thither.

MEETING OF PROTECTIONIST PEERS.

(From the Morning Post, May 18.)

ON Saturday afternoon, a most important meeting of Peers, opposed to the free trade policy of the Government, was held at the Clarendon. His Grace the Duke of Richmond in the chair. Amongst those who were present were:—

Dukes—Richmond and Cleveland.

Marquess—Exeter.

Earls—Cardigan, Dartmouth, Tankerville, Pomfret, Warwick, Mansfield, Carnarvon, Cadogan, Malmesbury, Lonsdale, Brownlow, Bradford, Eldon, Somers, Stradbroke, Kinnoul, Egmont, Longford, Erne, Lucan, Limerick, Charleville, Sheffield, and Ranfurly.

Viscounts—Hereford, Combermere, Strangford, and Doneraile.

Barons—Hastings, Willoughby d'Eresby, Beaumont, Sondes, Boston, Walsingham, Sherborne, Kenyon, Bayning, Bolton, Redesdale, Colchester, Skelmersdale, Templemore, Stanley, Abinger, Ashburton, and Clonbrock.

The noble chairman apologised for the unavoidable absence of several peers, who had nevertheless authorised him to state their entire concurrence in the objects of the meeting, and their determination to uphold the cause of protection against the measure about to be introduced into the House of Lords. The list comprised the names of

Dukes—Beaufort and Buckingham.

Marquesses—Salisbury and Westmeath

Earls—Poulett, Stanhope, Ashburnham, Hardwicke, Nelson, Orford, Eglintoun, Seafield, and Enniskillen.

Viscounts—Gage and Hill.

Barons — St. John, Northwick, Feversham, and Reay.

The Duke of Richmond having explained the occasion on which their lordships were assembled, was followed by Lord Stanley, who was received with an enthusiasm that was continued through the whole of the speech, in which the noble lord declared his earnest support of the principle of protection, and his fixed intention, by all the means in his power, to oppose the bill that had just passed the Commons.

Lord Beaumont, Lord Redesdale, Lord Colchester, and Lord Ashburton severally addressed the meeting, in the same sense, and the result was an unanimous resolution to lose no opportunity that might offer for securing the defeat of the scheme proposed by Sir Robert Peel.

UNITED ASSOCIATE SYNOD.

FRIDAY, MAY 8.

(From the Scotsman, May 9.)

THE Synod then resumed the matter connected with the Australian mission, which was left over from the previous forenoon's sederunt. The facts of the case were simply these:—Dr. Lang, of New South Wales, transmitted a very urgent request to last meeting of Synod to send out five or six preachers to that country, and that the Synod should not only defray the expenses of their passage, but guarantee each of the individuals so sent out a salary of £100 for three years after their landing in Australia. There was also this other condition attached to Dr. Lang's request, that the ministers who went out should be left in a great measure free and independent of the Secession Church, and that they should not assume the title of that denomination, as it was his intention to establish a voluntary Colonial Church in that country, which might embrace not only ministers of the United Secession Church, but of the Relief and Free Churches. The Board of Missions felt considerably difficulty about this condition, and referred the matter to the decision of the Synod Mr. Smith, from Australia, addressed the court in support of Dr. Lang's application, and explained the circumstances connected with the Doctor's conversion to Voluntaryism and the events which subsequently led to his deposition by the Synod of Australia, in consequence of his views and procedure in this matter. A long discussion ensued as to the policy of the Synod sending out ministers upon such a condition, and as to whether it would not be better for the Synod at once to occupy this important mission station on its own account, seeing the many obstacles in the way of such a proposal as that of Dr. Lang. The following is the result of the Synod's deliverance:—

Dr. Hay proposed the following motion, "That in the present circumstances of Australia, the Synod deem it to be inexpedient to send out missionaries to that country."

Mr. Renton proposed the following amendment,—"That as a large and promising field of missionary labour was presented in New South Wales—as an urgent invitation had been addressed to the Synod to occupy that field—and as arrangements had been so far advanced for sending out missionaries, the Synod direct the Board of Missions to prosecute the mission, and to employ all prudent measures to secure that it shall be put on an independent and efficient footing."

On the vote being taken by a show of hands, Mr. Renton's motion was carried.

THE NEW SOUTH WALES AND VAN DIEMEN'S LAND COMMERCIAL ASSOCIATION.—On Tuesday, a general meeting of the above Association was held at the George and Vulture Tavern, Cornhill, to receive the report of the Committee of Management, at which merchants of these colonies, though not members, were invited to attend. Mr. R. Brooks in the chair. Mr. Moore, the Secretary, read the report, which referred to the efforts of the Committee to accomplish the objects of the Society in facilitating the sale of the produce of the colonies, to which end some correspondence had taken place with the Government. A petition had been presented to the House of Commons by Mr. Hutt, the purport of which prayed the House to allow the importation of corn and other produce from their colonies at the same duty as corn the produce of Canada. That was negatived, and it was intended to have petitioned the Legislature upon the subject, but that the Government had introduced a measure to a similar effect. A communication had been forwarded to the Post Office, in respect to some irregularity in the transmission of ship letters, when better arrangements were entered into. Some new regulations were proposed in reference to the sale of wool the produce of the colonies, and various improvements were proposed connected with the future prospects of the Company. The report having been unanimously received and adopted, and a committee of ten chosen, Mr. Dale proposed that the number be increased to twelve. The Chairman observed that the Committee had watched closely the interests of the Association, but, considering its growing importance, he thought that it would be advisable to add the names of some gentlemen interested in the prosperity of the colonies (hear). Mr. Webb said that it was of importance to have a merchant whose connexions were large in the sale of wool (hear). Several gentlemen observed, that while the attention of the Association was directed to the subject of the growth of wool, which was increasing in its amount, it was desirable to have persons on that Committee who were acquainted with that important branch of the trade of the colonies. The resolution having been agreed to, the meeting separated.—*Colonial Gazette, May 16.*

THE 65th FOOT.—The head quarters are under orders to embark on Monday, the 18th, at Gravesend, on board the *Java* for New South Wales; and owing to the measles being in the Regiment, the Horse Guards direct that the married officers, non-commissioned officers, and men with their families are not to proceed in that vessel, consequently there will not be a woman or child on board. By this order Lieutenant-Colonel C. E. Gold, and Assistant-Surgeon Parke, are both prevented proceeding with the Regiment, as also the Serjeant-Major, and many others who are married. The strength of the Regiment under present orders for embarkation, consists of the grenadier company, the 2nd, 3rd, 5th, and 6th light companies, comprising in the whole, 13 serjeants, 16 corporals, 19 drummers, and 576 rank and file, with the following officers:—Major James Patience, Captain James Fitzherbert de Teissier, Captain St. Leger Barry, Captain W. Pym Young, Lieutenant C. A. Cuthbert, Lieutenant Thomas Barnard, Lieutenant R. H. M'Gregor, Ensign F. Perceval Drought, Ensign Charles J. Ewen, Ensign R. M. Sligg, Ensign W. F. T. Marshall, Ensign J. J. Cudgeon, Surgeon Prendergast, Paymaster J. W. Marshall, and Adjutant C. Rhadigan. Captain Oliver Barker D'Arcey is on leave; and Captain George F. Murray is on board the *John Calvin*, convict ship, in charge of a convict guard, in lieu of Captain St. Leger Barry.—*United Service Gazette, May 16*

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, by special license, at St. Mary's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Sumner, Mr. John Gilligan, of Sydney, to Miss Elizabeth Davis, of the same place.

DIED,

At Pyrmont, on Sunday, the 27th instant, John, the only son of Mr. Silvester Warburton, aged three months and a half.

TO THE PUBLIC.

SUBSCRIBERS to this Journal, paying in advance, are reminded that they are *only entitled to ten per cent. discount on paying punctually in advance at the commencement of the quarter*. Persons wishing to decline must pay arrears.

SACRED CONCERT,

TO BE HELD IN THE SCOTS KIRK, PITT-STREET SOUTH, NEAR THE HAY MARKET,

ON FRIDAY EVENING, 2ND OCTOBER, 1846.

Mr. Walton will preside at the organ, supported by an efficient choir of amateurs, who have kindly tendered their services for this occasion.

*** The proceeds will be appropriated in aid of the funds of the above church.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. Pastoral Symphony (from the Messiah) .... *Handel.*
2. Quartette — "Sanctus," Amateurs.............. *T. Clark.*
3. Chorus—"In Jewry is God known." .... *Dr. Clarke.*
4. Duett—"The Lord is a man of War." Mr. Griffiths and Amateur .... *Handel.*
5. Chorus—"Sound the Loud Timbrel." .... *Avison.*
6. Quartette — "The Lord's Prayer." Mrs. Gibbs, Mr. Griffiths, and Amateurs.......... *T. Cooke.*
7. Recitative — "And God said." Aria — "Now Heaven, in fullest glory," (from the Creation). Amateur .... *Haydn.*
8. Chorus—"The Heavens are telling." .... *Haydn.*

PART II.

9. Solo and Chorus — "O! Thou that tellest good tidings." .... *Handel.*
10. Solo—"Hagar's Lamentation." Mrs. Gibbs.. *G. H. Rodwell.*
11. Duett and Chorus—"Hear my Prayer." Mrs. Gibbs, Master C. Tibbey, and Chorus .... *Kent.*
12. Solo—"Thou art gone up on high," (from the Messiah). Mr. Griffiths.... *Handel.*
13. Quartette — "While the Evening's Sun's descending." Mrs. Gibbs and Amateurs .... *Mozart.*
14. Duett—"O! Hold thou me up." Mrs. Gibbs and Master C. Tibbey...... *Marcello.*
15. Chorus — "Hail Judea! happy land" (from Judas Maccabeus) .... *Handel.*
16. Chorus—"Hallelujah." ..*Handel.*

THE CONCERT WILL COMMENCE AT HALF-PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

*** Single tickets, 3s. each; double tickets, 5s.,—may be obtained from Mr. S. Hebblewhite, 450, George-street; Mr. A. Benham, George-street; Mr. John Knox, saddler, George-street South; Mr. D. Cunningham, tailor, Hunter-street; Mr. Nicholas, artist, King-street; Mr. B. S. Mountcastle, 77, Market-street; Mr. Gibbs, Elizabeth-street; Mr. G. H. Hamilton, druggist, Liverpool-st.; and Mr. C. Tibbey, Market-street, where copies of the words can be had. 5061

TO THE WARDEN OF THE DISTRICT OF YASS,

HENRY O'BRIEN, ESQ.

SIR, — We, the Undersigned, respectfully request that you will be pleased to call a meeting, to be held at the Court House, Yass, at the earliest day that may be convenient, to take into consideration the best means to raise funds for the relief of the poor of Ireland, from the extreme destitution and misery, accompanied with fearful pestilence, with which it has pleased Almighty God to visit them.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your very obedient servants,
(Signed)
CHARLES FRED. BRIGSTOCKE, CLERK.
C. L. LOVAT, CLERK
FRANCIS MAC EVOY
EDWARD RYAN
J. STILES
RICHARD MALLYON.

Yass, September 15.

In compliance with the above requisition, and for the purpose therein named, I hereby call a meeting of the inhabitants of this district, to be holden at the Court House, Yass, on Tuesday, the 6th day of October next, at twelve o'clock noon.

H. O'BRIEN,
4517 Warden.

REVISION OF CITIZEN LISTS.— 1846—7.

No. 46-317.

Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 24th September, 1846.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that open Courts for the revision of the Citizen Lists for the City of Sydney, for the year 1846—47, will be holden before the Aldermen and Assessors of the various Wards, at the times and places undermentioned, viz.:—

GIPPS' WARD.—At the Lord Nelson Hotel, Kent-street North, on Saturday, 3rd October next, at 10, A.M.

BOURKE WARD.—At the Court of Requests Office, Bent-street, on Thursday, 1st October next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

BRISBANE WARD.—At the Town Hall, York-street, on Thursday, 1st October next, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

MACQUARIE WARD.—At the Counting-house of Messrs. Wilshire, George-street, on Friday, the 2nd October next, at 11 o'clock, A.M.

COOK WARD.—At the Court House, Darlinghurst, on Friday, the 2nd October next, at noon.

PHILLIP WARD.—At the Clerk's Office, Hay and Corn Market, on Monday, the 5th October next, at 11 o'clock, A.M.

By order of the Aldermen and Assessors,
JOHN RAE,
4815 Town Clerk.

"THE SHIPPING GAZETTE."

COMPLETE FILES of *The Shipping Gazette, and Sydney General Trade List*, from the commencement of its publication, in 1844, or files for the year 1845, can be obtained at the *Herald* Office.

FANCY BAZAAR.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH INSTANT,

THERE will be a FANCY BAZAAR held in the Royal Hotel, for the sale of useful and ornamental articles, the proceeds to be devoted towards the liquidation of the debt of the Congregational Church in Pitt-street.

The doors will be opened at eleven o'clock, A.M. Admission to visitors, 6d.; children and their servants free. 5067

CHRIST CHURCH, PARISH OF ST. LAWRENCE.

THE ADJOURNED MEETING of the parishioners, for the purpose of considering measures for relieving the surviving trustees from their present liabilities on account of the debt on the church, will be held THIS EVENING, in the Parochial School House, at half-past seven o'clock.

The Lord Bishop will preside.

Wednesday, September 30. 5113

FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES,
(Next door to the Bank of Australasia.)
SYDNEY.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
SUN-COURT, CORNHILL;
AND No. 16, PALL-MALL, LONDON,
INSTITUTED 1803.

FOR Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbour, or Dock, and the Cargoes of such Ships; also, Ships building and repairing; Barges and other Vessels on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL,
ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

DIRECTORS.

WILLIAM LYALL, ESQ., CHAIRMAN.
ALEXANDER STEWART, ESQ., DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN.

JAMES C. C. BELL, ESQ.	CLAUD NEILSON, ESQ.
MICHAEL BLAND, ESQ.	J. PATTISON, ESQ., M.P.
HENRY CATTLEY, ESQ.	SIR C. PRICE, BART.
CHARLES CAVE, ESQ.	J. H. PALMER, ESQ.
JOHN H. DEFFELL, ESQ.	H. J. PRESCOTT, ESQ.
A. HASTIE, ESQ., M. P.	GEORGE REID, ESQ.
GEORGE HIBBERT, ESQ.	JOSEPH REID, ESQ.
SAMUEL HIBBERT, ESQ.	MARTIN T. SMITH, ESQ.
DANIEL MILDRED, ESQ.	NEWMAN SMITH, ESQ.
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G. H. CUTLER, ESQ.	W. R. ROBINSON, ESQ.

AUDITORS.

T. G. BARCLAY, ESQ.	C. FRANCIS COBB, ESQ.
A. H. BOSANQUET, ESQ.	G. FIELD, ESQ.

THOMAS HENRY ALLEN POYNDER, ESQ.

SYDNEY BRANCH.

Agents—Messrs. Smith and Campbell.
Bankers—The Bank of Australasia.
Solicitors—Messrs. Carr, Rogers, and Owen.
Surveyor—James Hume, Esq.

The Agents for this Office have now much pleasure in announcing that, in pursuance of the recommendation which they forwarded to London, in November last, the Court of Directors have agreed to a greatly reduced scale of premiums, by which FIRST CLASS RISKS will now be taken at TEN SHILLINGS PER £100 PER ANNUM instead of twenty-one shillings as heretofore.

Persons insuring in the Imperial Insurance Company, enjoy the following

IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES:

1. PERFECT SECURITY. The large amount of the *paid up* and *invested* Capital of the Company, (upwards of ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING), and the wealth and respectability of its Shareholders afford the most perfect guarantee to the public of its stability.

2. VALID POLICIES.—In order to give the most perfect guaranty to the public of the validity of the policies granted by the Sydney Branch, the Agents are enabled to state that they are now in possession of special powers from the London Directors, to affix to each policy the names of any three of their number (to be selected by the assured), which number is binding on the Company under the Deed of Settlement: thus making the policies issued here as valid and effectual as if granted at the Head Office in London.

3. REDUCED PREMIUMS.—Considering the amount of security possessed by parties insuring in this Company; the classification of the Buildings; and the absence of any liability to the assured; the premiums charged by this Office are less than have ever before been offered to the colonial public.

4. PROMPT ADJUSTMENT OF LOSSES.—The Agents being fully authorised and instructed to that effect, all losses arising under their Policies will be promptly adjusted and paid in Sydney.

5. LOSSES BY LIGHTNING MADE GOOD.—See No. 3 of the printed Conditions of Insurance.

SCALE OF PREMIUMS.

FIRST CLASS RISKS.

Buildings constructed of brick or stone, according to the Building Act, and covered with slates, tiles, or metals, and detached or separated so as not to increase the risk by contiguity to any other building	10s. per £100 per annum.
Buildings constructed and covered as above, but joined to others of the same class	12s. 6d. ditto
For hazardous goods or trades, 5s. additional.	

SECOND CLASS.

Buildings constructed according to the Act, and covered with shingles, but detached from other buildings as above	15s. ditto
Buildings constructed and covered as above, but joining others of the same class	17s. 6d. ditto
For hazardous goods or trades, 7s. 6d. additional.	

THIRD CLASS.

Buildings of stud work, brick nogged, and slated but separated by a proper space from, so as not to be affected by, any other adjoining buildings	20s. ditto
Buildings constructed as above, but joined to other buildings of a superior class, with proper party walls between	22s. 6d. ditto
For hazardous goods or trades, 10s. additional.	

MEMO.—Houses properly built of stone or brick, and covered with slates or shingles, but sufficiently detached from all other buildings, will be deemed 1st and 2nd class, though not constructed according to the Building Act.

Goods deposited in the above, and not being hazardous, will be insured at the same rate as the buildings.

Hazardous and Extra Hazardous, and all other Risks not comprised in the above, will be subject to special arrangement, according to the particular circumstances of each case.

HAZARDOUS GOODS.—Such as cotton, flax, hemp, oil, rosin, saltpetre, spirits, tallow, tar, and turpentine.

HAZARDOUS TRADES.—Bread and biscuit bakers, carpenters, chemists, coachmakers, coopers, distillers, liquor and spirit shops, oilmen, printers, ship and boat builders, and the like.

Parties wishing to effect Insurance are requested to apply (between the hours of 9 and 4, daily,) to Mr. Archibald Campbell, at the Office, 555, George-street, next door to the Bank of Australasia.

SMITH AND CAMPBELL,
5080 Agents.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1516092

7000 SHEEP,

MORE OR LESS,

WITH RIGHT TO HIGHLY SUPERIOR RUNS,

SITUATE IN THE IMMEDIATE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF THE

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY'S STATIONS.

MR. MORT

HAS received instructions to dispose of

BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

The above lot of Sheep, with or without their present fleece.

The Ewes are now lambing, and the whole of the flocks are warranted sound and never to have been diseased, and throw a very heavy fleece.

TOGETHER WITH THE ABOVE

May be had, 600 head choice Cattle and 40 head of Horse Stock, should the purchaser of the sheep wish to take them, otherwise they would be removed to other runs.

☞ The fullest particulars and terms may be obtained on application to the Auctioneer, George-street, near the Post Office. 5044

TO CAPITALISTS—(£5000).

ANY person having the command of five thousand pounds (not less) and upwards may, by applying to the advertiser, hear of a highly respectable and lucrative employment of it, and that without risk, as it is not in anything of a visionary or speculative nature; besides which, the great bulk of it will never be out of the owner's possession; and so far will it be from being locked up, that he can retire with it at his pleasure. Principals only will be treated with, by addressing a line to Y. X., post-paid, *Herald* Office. 5059

NOTICE.

IF GEORGE HARRIS, formerly Steward of the ship *Samuel Kennard*, will apply personally on board the barque *Clara*, he will hear of something which may be to his advantage. 5070

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES per Barque *Berkshire*, Whyte, master, from London, are requested to pass their entries, as the vessel will commence discharging, this day, at Deloitte's Wharf.

J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.,
5069 Agents.

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM PENDRAY, THE YOUNGER.

A FIRST Dividend of 1s. in the pound is payable at the Office of the undersigned, to the creditors of the above estate, executing the deed of assignment.

By order of the Trustees,
WESTMORE AND WAY,
Solicitors to the Trustees.
5007 478, George-street, Sydney.

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM PENDRAY THE YOUNGER.

A FIRST dividend of one shilling in the pound is payable at the office of the undersigned, to the creditors of the above estate, executing the deed of assignment.

By order of the Trustees,
WESTMORE AND WAY,
Solicitors,
5062 478, George-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.

STOREKEEPERS, Publicans, and others, are cautioned from receiving in payment any of the undermentioned orders drawn by me on Mr. John Ireland, of the Parramatta Road, near Sydney, the same having been stolen from this place on the 19th instant:—

	£	s.	d.
No. 19, July, 2nd, 1845, in favour of John Smith, for	10	3	3
No. 41, July 2nd, 1846, in favour of John Smith, for	2	2	6
No. 50, September, 1846, in favour James Fanning, for	3	13	0

WILLIAM WASS.
Obela, District of Wellington,
September 20. 4934

TENDER.

BARQUE "BERKSHIRE," WHYTE, MASTER, FROM LONDON.

REQUIRES a new Fore-mast and Jib-boom, tenders for which will be received till Saturday morning, the 3rd proximo at the Office of

J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.,
5068 Agents.

BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS.

PERSONS willing to contract for the Brick and Stone Work required in the erection of a House, in George-street South, may see the plan and specification at the office of J F. Hilly, 555, George-street. 5057

CASH FOR HOUSE.

WANTED to purchase, a respectable residence of about five rooms, within a few miles of Sydney. As it is required for the purpose of health, it is indispensable that the situation should be good. The neighbourhood of Woolloomooloo, Kissing Point, South Head, North Shore, or the Bays, would be preferred. The payment will be cash, and early possession necessary.

Immediate application is requested by letter, addressed to E. B. *Herald* Office.

September 30. 5088

WANTED to purchase, in Parramatta, a neat Cottage of about four rooms. Apply, by letter, post-paid, stating price and particulars, to Mr. William Kirchner, 151, Prince-street North. 5090

WANTED, a Governess for two children of the ages of nine and five years. Apply at the Solicitor-General's Chambers, Macquarie-street; or at Mr. W. M. Manning's, 3, Lyons-terrace.

September 28. 5000

TO CURRIERS AND TANNERS.

WANTED, by the undersigned, one currier and one tanner. Liberal wages will be given to good workmen. Personal application can be made on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 29th and 30th instant, at the Emu Inn, George-street, Sydney; or, by letter, post-paid.

GEORGE GUEST,
Currier, &c.,
Richmond.

For sale at the Emu Inn, George-street, on Wednesday, the 30th September, from 70 to 100 sides of very heavy sole leather.

Richmond, September 26. 4990

AUSTRALIAN CLUB.

WANTED, a youth to carry messages and make himself generally useful at the Club House. He must produce a good character. Apply to the Secretary of the Club, any day after 9 o'clock, A.M. 5082

WANTED, a Female Cook, in a large establishment. Testimonials of character and ability will be required. Apply at No. 259, Pitt-street.

Sydney, September 26. 4923

WANTED, an *industrious* steady young woman, as general house servant, liberal wages will be given. Apply to

MRS. P. HART,
4818 George-street South.

WANTED, a woman servant, as laundress and housemaid, and a man as Cook and general servant. Apply at 356, Pitt-street, between the hours of eleven and three. 5065

FARM SERVANTS WANTED.

WANTED, six men who are well accustomed to farming work and milking. Apply, this morning, at 10 o'clock, to

S. ELLIOTT,
5091 Church-hill.

WANTED,

SHEARERS, (for the Clarence River)
SHEPHERDS, (for various districts)
J. FREDERICK JOHNSON,
General Agency Office,
North Castlereagh-street.

☞ Male and female servants disengaged. 5084

WANTED immediately, to proceed to New England, SIX SHEPHERDS. Apply to Mr. J. T. Baker, at the Royal Hotel, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock. None but those who can produce good written characters need apply.

September 30. 5060

WANTED, shepherds and hutkeepers. Apply immediately to Mr. Thomas Coutts, at No. 4, O'Connell-street. 5112

TO TRADESMEN AND OTHERS.

THE advertiser, who has a thorough knowledge of book-keeping, wishes employment, and would engage by the hour, day, or week, with any person who may require his services to make out plain or intricate accounts, or collect debts. Terms would be moderate. Unexceptionable references as to ability can be given, if required. Letters addressed H.R., *Sydney Morning Herald* Office, will have immediate attention. 4271

HOP CULTIVATION.

TO BREWERS AND AGRICULTURISTS.

THE Advertiser, having fulfilled his engagement with an extensive concern, for whom he has laid out eight acres of hop plantation, is now at liberty to make an arrangement with any party who may be disposed to enter into this lucrative branch of agriculture, as a *business*. The advertiser has had three years *colonial* experience in growing and curing hops, he can therefore with confidence recommend a hop plantation as a fair and legitimate agricultural pursuit, without the risk of disappointing the reasonable expectations on the score of profit, of those who may choose to enter into his views on this important subject. Any letters addressed to A. L., *Herald* Office, will be immediately attended to. 4610

A MIDDLE-AGED Man, lately arrived in the colony, wishes to obtain a situation as coachman, in town or country. Respectable references will be given; apply to J. T., *Herald* Office, which will be attended to.

September 29. 5052

ONE GUINEA REWARD.

TO CONSTABLES AND OTHERS,

WHEREAS some person or persons are in the practice of following the runners of the *Sydney Morning Herald*, and stealing the newspapers after they have been left at the subscribers' houses. The proprietors of this journal will give the above reward to any person who will give into the custody of the police such person or persons. 4761

ONE POUND REWARD.

STOLEN, from the bed-room of Mr. Finn, of the Crispian Arms, a Masonic Brooch and a Gold Seal extracted from the chain of the watch. Any person giving such information as will lead to the recovery, or conviction of the offender, will receive the above reward.

5049 ANTHONY FINN.

ONE POUND REWARD.

STOLEN OR STRAYED from the run of the Rev. William Walker, Brisbane Grove, Bathurst; a bright bay horse, about 15 hands high, rising 5 years old, two white hind feet, branded on the near shoulder 4, and T under the saddle near side.

The above reward will be paid to any person delivering the same to

MR. JOHN COCKBURN,
4603 Brisbane Grove, Bathurst.

ONE POUND REWARD.

ABSCONDED from the hired service of the undernamed, leaving a wife and two young children, Benjamin Goodwin, per *Wanderer*, Captain Burns, from Hobart Town.

Whoever shall apprehend the same, so as to lead to his conviction before a court of justice, will receive the above reward.

Name—Benjamin Goodwin
Height—About 5 feet 6 inches
Hair—Brown
Eyes—Grey
Complexion—Fair.

Any person employing the above Benjamin Goodwin after this notice will be prosecuted as the law directs.

WM. LAWSON,
Prospect.
September 15. 4359

ABSCONDED from his hired service, at Primrose Valley, Molonglo, a shepherd named Michael Cheevers, per *Captain Cook*, 1838; native place, Dublin, 22 years of age, dark brown hair, ruddy, about five feet two inches. Also, John Macnamara, description not known, formerly lived at the Waterloo Company's establishment, Lake Bathurst, as sheep overseer. Warrants have been issued by the Queanbeyan Bench, and one pound for each if lodged in any of her Majesty's Gaols. All persons are warned against engaging or harbouring them. 5085

APARTMENTS.

GENTEEL Furnished apartments to let, on moderate terms, with or without board. Apply to

MRS. ILLIDGE,
Crane's Buildings, Upper Hunter-street.
September 30. 5111

TO LET, at Park House, Park-street, private and commodious apartments, with or without board, on the most economical terms.

September 29. 5061

AUSTRALIAN HOTEL.

THE above first-rate and well established HOTEL is now TO LET; the present proprietor retiring with his family to England.

Possession could be given immediately.

Apply to

WILLIAM PERRY,
Executor to late W. Barnes.
Gas Hotel,
Kent-street North.
Sydney, August 20. 2915

TO BE LET,

A HOUSE in Macquarie-street South, opposite to Lyons-terrace. Also, a House at Rushcutter's Bay, near the Bridge, both adapted for the occupation of respectable families. For particulars apply to

MR. T. W. SMART.
George-street, September 26. 4930

TO BE LET,

THAT delightfully situated Elizabethan Villa, at Darling Point, recently in the occupation of S. F. Milford, Esq, consisting of drawing and dining room, library, five bed rooms, kitchen, laundry, and detached pantry, large coach house, with loft and groom's apartment, two stall stable, well of excellent water, &c. For particulars, apply to

EDWARD SALAMON,
4784 446, George-street.

TO LET,

A VERANDAH COTTAGE, situated near H. Macdermott, Esq's., residence at Newtown, containing six rooms, with kitchen, washhouse, coachhouse, stables, &c, newly painted, and fitted up with stoves and range, well adapted for a respectable family.

Rent moderate.

Apply to

MR. J. S. HANSON; or to
MR. YARNTON,
Next door.
Sydney, September 30. 5107

TO LET, a two-story house, No. 30, in Castlereagh-street; it contains two good rooms on the ground floor, and three bed-rooms up stairs. Apply to

4856 J. B. JONES.

TO BE LET, AT REDFERN,

ONE TWO-STORY HOUSE, in Fitz Roy Terrace, Upper Pitt-street. This House is replete with every convenience for a respectable tenant. Rent moderate.

Apply to John Alexander, Esq., Lower George-street, or to the undersigned, where keys may be had.

ROWAND RONALD.
No. 2, Fitz Roy Terrace. 3349

TO FLOUR MILLERS.

TO BE LET, for such a number of years as may be agreed upon, the Water Mill and Farm on the Lower Hawkesbury, now occupied by Mr. T. Sawkins. The farm consists of about fifty acres, upon which is erected a good stone-built and shingled dwelling-house; and the mill is well situated for trade.

Mr. Sawkins will show the premises, and for further particulars apply to Mr. R. A. A. Morehead, O'Connell-street, Sydney. 4871

COUNTRY STORE TO LET.

THE Undersigned being about to relinquish business, will dispose of his interest in a compact and well-furnished store, now in full trade, and which has been successfully carried on by him for a number of years.

This opportunity is a most eligible one for any person desirous of engaging in the above business.

The premises are situated in the government township of Murrurundi; the store is a capacious brick building, neatly fitted up, with comfortable dwelling-house attached, consisting of sitting and bed rooms, kitchen and servants' rooms, together with dry store, good stabling, and every other building suitable for such an establishment, there is also a splendid well of water, the whole being enclosed with a substantial paled fence.

The premises will be let for a term of years and the advertiser will also dispose of his present well selected stock-in-trade to the incoming tenant. Possession will be given on the 1st October next.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Messrs. D. Jones and Co.; or if by letter post-paid to

J. B. RUNDLE.
Murrurundi, August 21. 3221

SALES BY AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30.

FIRST-RATE CITY PROPERTY.

TO CAPITALISTS WHO ARE DESIROUS TO OBTAIN A PROFITABLE AND SURE RETURN FOR THEIR NOW UNPRODUCTIVE DEPOSITS IN THE ENGLISH AND COLONIAL BANKS.

BY MR. STUBBS.

MR. STUBBS feels pleasure in announcing to the moneyed portion of the community, in Sydney, Parramatta, Windsor, Bathurst, Maitland, &c., that he has been instructed to dispose of by public auction,

ON THE PREMISES,

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1846,

Sale at twelve o'clock precisely,

All those first-rate city premises,

No.17, Colonnade, Bridge-street, Sydney,

KNOWN AS

THE DOLPHIN HOTEL,

AND THE BUILDINGS AT THE BACK,

For many years occupied by the present proprietor, Mr. William Jones, as a printing office, for which, or for any other business, they are eminently adapted.

The house contains nine rooms, viz., an excellent front shop and bar,

TO BRIDGE-STREET,

with parlour behind.

On the first floor there is a very spacious

BILLIARD ROOM

with dome-light, and a good and convenient ante-room attached.

A FIRST-RATE BILLIARD TABLE HAS BEEN RECENTLY ERECTED, AND IS NOW IN FULL PLAY,

A spacious front sitting room, with French windows opening to a delightful verandah, commanding an extensive view of the immediate neighbourhood, and of all *passing* events.

There is also a bed-room on this floor.

The next story contains two useful and pleasant chambers, commanding a fine prospect of the harbour—and a large attic above.

There is also a good kitchen and cellar, with pumps &c., &c., on the ground floor, and a back entrance from Queen-street.

The Printing Offices comprise a spacious

PRESS ROOM,

with sinks and sewerage connected with the Tank Stream

With three suitable and well lighted rooms above, and are particularly well adapted for the purpose they have been so many years employed in.

The situation of these premises is first rate, and forms the principal avenue for traffic and business between George-street and the

CIRCULAR WHARF,

the Custom House, and all the principal Government Offices; it is in a direct line, and contiguous to the very important continuation of Pitt and Castlereagh streets, therefore it may with truth be said, that these premises are situated in the very centre of the business portion of the

CITY.

and has the further great advantage of being on the walking side of the street.

To capitalists this is an opportunity that seldom offers of a safe and profitable investment, even at the present rental, although it must be obvious to all that this property will fully double its present income in a very short time, from a certainty of its becoming the very acme of perfection as regards mercantile or business-like affairs.

The premises are at present much underlet, and produce £156 per annum, but capable of great advance.

The late tenant held them at a rental of £5 per week.

TERMS—Twenty-five per cent. deposit, and the residue at three, six, and nine months, without interest.

Purchasers to pay their own conveyance.

Title—first-rate, being an original Orphan School grant. 4417

SALE EXPRESSLY FOR SATURDAY NEXT,

TO CONNOISSEURS, BEAU ESPRITS, TOBACCONISTS, LOUNGERS, SMOKERS, DEALERS, AND TRADERS.

DELICATE OLD CIGARS, HAUT GOUT.

100,000 PRIME OLD MANILLA CIGARS, OUT OF BOND.

TO BE DELIVERED AT THE MART, KING-STREET, WHEN, WITH THE KIND PERMISSION OF THE CLERK OF THE MARKET, SMOKING AND PUFFING WILL BE ALLOWED DURING THE SALE.

MR. STUBBS is happy to announce that his Mart, King-street, has been specially engaged for

SATURDAY NEXT, THE 3RD DAY OF OCTOBER, 1846.

At 11 o'clock precisely,

FOR THE ABSOLUTE DISPOSAL OVER THE COUNTER, OF

100,000 FINE OLD MANILA CIGARS.

Terms—Under £30, cash; above that sum, approved bills at three months. 5074

WEDNESDAY, 30TH INSTANT.

SYDNEY COLLEGE, HYDE PARK.

TO HEADS OF ACADEMIES, FAMILY HOTEL KEEPERS, IMMIGRANTS JUST ARRIVED, AND DEALERS.

SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE.

MR. STUBBS

WILL sell by auction, at the Sydney College,

THIS DAY, THE 30TH INSTANT,

At One o'clock precisely P.M.,

The whole Furniture of the Boarding Establishment, including—

A large horse-shoe dining table, covered with oil-cloth, with seats attached, capable of accommodating fifty persons; twenty French-polished bedsteads, with curled hair mattresses. white counterpanes, blankets, sheets, and pillows to correspond; a handsome eight-day spring clock, an excellent time-piece; balance knives and forks; British plate forks and spoons; excellent kitchen tables and dressers; a mangle, a quantity of crockery-ware, a great variety of laundry and kitchen utensils, and other articles of household furniture; with a small parcel of school books.

ALSO,

A very superior breeding sow, with litter of five pigs, four weeks old, and a handsome Newfoundland dog.

Terms—Cash.

All goods to be removed on the day of sale.

To commence exactly at One o'clock precisely, in consequence of the sale of Mr. Jones's Bridge-street (Colonnade) property at 12. 5073

GOOD HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

THIS MORNING,

AT 12 O'CLOCK.

MR. W. G. MOORE

HAS received instructions from the Proprietor, to sell on the premises,

No. 4, KENT-STREET,

two doors from Bathurst-street,

To sell the whole of his

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

comprising everything useful.

Terms—Cash. 5100

TO GROCERS, GENERAL DEALERS AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

6 HOGSHEADS VINEGAR

4 Kegs tobacco
40 Bags Derwent potatoes
1 Cask pork
10 Casks Epsom salts
3 Cases blue—"Coleman's"
5 Coils Europe rope
2 Sides leather
2 Cases black-lead
1 Case olives
4 Jars camphor
12 Jars sublimate
3 Kegs bluestone
3 Bales corks
&c., &c., &c

Terms at sale. 5026

STANHOPE GIG AND CART.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At 11 o'clock precisely,

1 STANHOPE GIG
1 Cart

Both fit for town use.

Terms at sale. 5027

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER.

4300 HEAD OF SHEEP, WITH FLEECE 140 HEAD OF CATTLE

WITH RIGHT OF STATION ON THE CLARENCE RIVER.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, on

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock,

The following flock of Sheep,

WARRANTED SOUND,—

400	Ewes, 2 years old	Lambing this month, September.
800	Ditto, 3 ditto	
600	Ditto, 4 ditto	
500	Ditto, 5 ditto	
1700	Mixed sexes, 1 year old	
300	Ditto, 2 and 3 years old	
4300	Head, more or less:	

140 Head of cattle, mixed herds
5 Mares, in foal
2 Stock horses
10 Working bullocks.

The above are running on the station called "Ermington," adjoining M'Donald's, Manning's, and Ray's Stations, and near Dr. Dobie's Station.

The Station commands a River frontage of about 15 miles on each side, with a depth of about 5 miles, and is fit to run about 10,000 sheep and 1500 head of cattle. Part of the station is within twenty miles of the settlement on the Clarence River, where the steamers stop.

The improvements on the station consist of a good hut or house, containing five rooms, with detached kitchen, and enclosed garden. There are five huts for men on the station, and two stockyards, large wool-sheds and shearing house, with superior wool-press. IN FACT this sale offers an opportunity to any one wishing to enter on sheep farming, which cannot be surpassed.

Besides the advantages derived from the lambing season, the whole flock have

NEARLY FULL FLEECE

on their back, which will, within a very short period, give a very satisfactory return to the fortunate purchaser, the wool having last season realised on an average 1s. 6d. per lb. in Sydney.

The station is well provided with stores &c., which will have to be taken at a valuation.

Terms at sale. 4877

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER.

TO SHOPKEEPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock,

25 Chests hysonskin tea
30 Chests congou tea
2 Cases beaver hats
Rice, white pepper, and woolbagging
Moleskin, prints, whitey-brown thread
Scotch twilled and regatta shirts
Unbleached calicoes, moleskin trousers
Valencia vests, looking-glasses, gilt frames
Casks of moons and chimneys for gas-burners
A handsome hall lamp, &c., &c.

Terms at sale. 5063

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER.

FINE VAN DIEMEN'S LAND FLOUR.

Ex *Rosalind*.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,

ON THURSDAY, THE 1ST OCTOBER,

At 11 o'clock,

Ex *Rosalind*.

39 Bags Flour, slightly damaged.

Terms at sale. 5083

HYSONSKIN TEA.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms,

ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 2ND OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

Fifty chests superior hysonskin tea.

Terms at sale. 3106

FRENCH SHOES,

EX "CLARA,"

WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

Five (5) cases ladies' Paris-made shoes, consisting of black morocco, kid, lasting, and white and black satin shoes.

Terms at sale. 5032

SUPERFINE BLACK BEAVER HATS,

EX "WILLIAM HYDE."

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At half-past ten o'clock precisely,

Two cases gentlemen's superfine black beaver hats

JUST LANDED.

Terms at sale. 5052

WILLIAMS'S LONDON BLACKING

FORTY CASKS,

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, 481, George-street,

ON THURSDAY, 1ST OCTOBER,

At half-past 11 o'clock precisely

Forty casks Williams's celebrated English-made liquid and paste blacking, assorted sizes.

No Reserve.

Terms—Cash. 5024

EXTENSIVE SALE.

TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE BALES AND CASES FANCY AND PLAIN DRAPERY GOODS, EX "BERKSHIRE," EXPRESSLY SELECTED FOR THIS MARKET.

MR. R. FAWCETT

HAS received instructions from the IMPORTERS, MESSRS. J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO., to sell by public auction, at their new Stores, (late Deloitte's,) Miller's Point, on

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, 8TH AND 9TH OCTOBER,

Each day at half-past 10 o'clock precisely,

Two hundred and twenty five Bales and Cases, consisting of—

Flowers, in wreaths, orange blossoms and lily of the valley
Gloves, lace, silk and kid, mitts, &c.
Ribbons, black, white, and coloured sarsnet
,, White and coloured satin
,, Gauze and new styles of bonnet ribbons
Black silk galloons and doubles
Black crapes, 12, 14, 16 inch, and 4-4
Persians, black, white, pearl, emerald, maize, pink, sky, ingrain, primrose, and other colours
Sarsnets, white, pink, sky, pearl, &c., &c.
Gentlemen's black silk and satin handkerchiefs, in baratheas, ducapes, Brussels, and banas
Gentlemen's coloured silk handkerchiefs, in rich brocaded, fancy checked satins, Prince Albert checks, and coloured checked Brussels and bands
Ladies' fancy silk neckerchiefs, consisting of figured Diana squares, checked silk, checked figured, striped and damask figured, black, white, and coloured bordered gauze squares, checked and striped satin squares, &c.
Ladies' stays, consisting of white cotille, satteen, French elastic straps, white satteen, patent holes, and coloured jean
Brown silk parasols, assorted
Brown, green, and blue fancy cotton parasols
6-4 and 8-4 printed oilcloths
Bonnets—Infants' girls', maids', and women's in Dunstable and Tuscan
Fancy Tuscan bonnets, in girls', maids', and women's
Lace Goods, consisting of white cotton edgings, blond and Brussels lace, falls, and veils, ladies' night caps lace bordered, white Lisle lace, thread edging and lace, children's Lisle lace, bobbin, quilling, fancy silk blond net, 4-4 bobbin, spot, figured, and wire ground net, &c.
Sewed Goods—In muslin cuffs, collars, capes, infants' muslin frocks, robes and night gowns, Scotch and French cambric caps, drawn muslin caps, rosettes, and ladies' night caps, 5-8 and 7-8 Irish and Scotch cambric handkerchiefs, jaconet and book muslin, scolloping and insertion, white lace caps, &c.
Haberdashery, consisting of mending cotton, assorted pins, white, black, and coloured reeled cotton, tapes, boys' leather belts, wadding, boot laces, pasteboards, pearl buttons, hooks and eyes, cotton cord, cheese cloths, needles, &c.
Hosiery—Royal Exchange worsted boots, super and extra super children's white cotton socks, blue striped, diamond, emerald, blue, and white printed socks, girls' white cotton hose, plain and lace, women's white cotton hose, plain and lace, women's black cotton and worsted hose, men's white, brown, diamond, marble, and blue striped cotton half-hose, cotton shirts and pantaloons, lambs-wool and merino shirts
Braces, in men's white cotton and India rubber
Men's white longcloth shirts, linen fronts, collars, and wristbands
Men's blouses, superior make and quality
Men's very superior white moleskin trousers
Men's ,, ,, miller's drab ditto
Men's ,, ,, drab ditto, assorted qualities
White moleskins, superior qualities
Millers' drab ,, ,, ,,
Drab ,, ,, ,,
Real town printed India silk corahs
Bleached and unbleached diaper rugs
White Marseilla quilts
White counterpanes
4-4 rough brown holland
4-4 dressed ,, ,,
6-4 fancy checked and hair cord muslins
6-4 plain jaconet muslins
6-4 "Hutchinson's book muslins
6-4 white and coloured lenos
6-4 striped, lappet, sprig, check, and harness bordered muslins
Horrock's longcloth, genuine article
36-inch white shirtings
9-8 white supers
7-8 orange and true blue prints
New town prints
8-4, 80-inch, and 90-inch family white sheeting
8-4 grey sheeting, very heavy
3-4 summer cloth, assorted colours and qualities
4-4 Irish linens
5-8 and 7-8 lawns
5-4 and 6-4 blue and white furniture checks, quite new
6-4 white rolled jaconets
6-4 coloured ,, ,,
7-8 small fancy plate prints, fast colours in buff, pink, lilac, and blue
6-4 linen and cotton checks
Fancy and checked linen hollands
27 and 36-inch Osnaburgs and Forfars
Striped cotton ticks, assorted qualities

The only remark the auctioneer need make in recommending the above goods to drapers, storekeepers, and shippers, is, that they comprise the best assortment of drapery goods ever imported into the colony of New South Wales.

No reserve.

Terms, extremely liberal, at time of sale. 3502

TO GROCERS, WINE MERCHANTS, SOAP BOILERS, &c.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL Sell by Auction, at his Rooms, on

FRIDAY NEXT, 2ND OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock precisely,

Forty cases pickles, in pints and quarts
Forty-five ditto mustard, in lbs. and half lbs.
Ten casks currants
Forty boxes muscatel raisins
Eight casks saltpetre
Three hogsheads *champagne* vinegar
Fifteen quarter-casks *Champion's* vinegar, No. 24
One case, 6 dozen, Chili vinegar
FIVE TONS SODA ASH
Fifty-three kegs Van Diemen's Land butter
Thirty firkins *Gould's* double rose Cork butter
Twenty-seven quarter-casks pale sherry
Twenty-three hogsheads ditto ditto, very superior
Fifteen quarter-casks ditto ditto
50,000 Havannah cigars
10 Bales Grocers' paper
20 Pockets Kent hops.

Terms at sale. 5105

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF JOHN ANDERSON, NEW YORK HOTEL, LOWER GEORGE-STREET.

MR. ROBERTS will sell by auction (by order of the Official Assignee),

ON FRIDAY, THE 2ND OCTOBER,

At noon,

The license of the house, six-pull beer engine, spirit kegs, pewter measures, clock, stock-in-trade, glass, crockery, ullage casks of ale and porter, and the usual variety of household furniture for parlours, ball, bed rooms, and kitchens, of an hotel.

Terms, cash. 5056

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

BY

MR. BLACKMAN, at the Commissariat Stores, on

FRIDAY, 2ND OCTOBER, 1846,

At ten o'clock,

On account of the Accountant-General of Her Majesty's Navy, the following remains of Stores from the male convict ship *Palmyra*, from England:—

Biscuit, peas, wine, Scotch barley, casks, staves, heading, hoops, bread bags, deal fittings, hospital furniture, clothing, blankets, beds, hammocks, &c. Also, two air pumps. 4996

SUPERIOR HORSE STOCK.

TWENTY-ONE MARES, IN FOAL AND WITH FOALS AT THEIR SIDES, THIRTEEN COLTS, EIGHT FILLIES, THREE SADDLE HORSES.

ALSO,

ONE ENTIRE HORSE, GOT BY "VISCOUNT," DAM BY "NOBLE."

MR. BLACKMAN has been favoured with instructions from the trustees to sell by public auction, at the Cattle Market, Sydney, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH OCTOBER.

(UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,)

THE PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN, DECEASED,

12 Mares, with foals at their sides, and in foal again
9 ditto, in foal

N. B.—Two of these mares are nearly thorough-bred—one got by "Bolivar," and one by "Theorem." The mares are of various ages, but most of them are good stock, some broke to saddle, and one to cart harness.

1 ENTIRE HORSE, GOT BY "VISCOUNT," DAM BY "NOBLE"
4 colts, four years old or rising four, two broke to saddle
4 fillies, two years old
4 yearling fillies
8 yearling colts
1 two-year old colt
3 saddle horses—good hacks or stock horses.

46 Head.

Terms at time of sale.

The above-mentioned valuable stock may be seen on application at Dryburgh, near Goulburn; and further particulars had from Stanhope Carter, Esq., or the superintendent in charge, previous to the 1st of October. 4427

PRINTING DEMY, BRIEF, BLUE DEMY, FOOLSCAP, POST, AND FOLIO COPYING PAPER, WRITING DEMY, DOUBLE SMALL HAND.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

TO-MORROW, 1ST OCTOBER,

At eleven o'clock,

ONE CASE FOOLSCAP

One case superfine post paper
One bale double small hand
One case—10 reams 36 line brief
6 ditto 20 lb. printing demy
6 ditto folio copying paper
One case— 8 ditto blue wove medium
2 ditto ditto ditto ruled
8 ditto writing demy.
One bale— 8 ditto blue demy.

Terms at sale. 5108

BLUE AND BLACK SUPERFINE BROAD CLOTHS, BLACK AND DRAB CASSIMERES.

Now landing, ex *Berkshire*.

MR. MORT

Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on

WEDNESDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

At 11 o'clock,

ONE case of *superfine* blue and black broad cloths, of a very superior quality

One ditto black and drab cassimeres.

Terms at sale. 5104

FORTY-TWO PACKAGES NEW SUMMER GOODS,

Now landing, ex Berkshire.

IMPORTED BY MESSRS. THOMAS SMITH AND CO.

MR. MORT

Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, under instructions from the abovenamed firm,

ON WEDNESDAY, 7TH OCTOBER,

At half-past ten o'clock,

42 PACKAGES,

containing—

White and brown drill trousers
Gambroon, Kentore, and Pottinger ditto
White and coloured drill and fancy jackets
Pottinger and Rothsay shooting coats
Toronto and St. Leger tweed ditto
Brown linen blouses
Rustic and St. Leger brown linen coats
Blue cloth jackets and trousers
Valentia and fancy quilted vests
Worsted plush and swansdown waistcoats
Black silk stocks
India-rubber and net braces
Women's white cotton hose
Blue cloth and travelling caps
Florentine sheets
Moleskin trousers
Blue navy shirts
Maids' and women's satteen stays
Shirtings and sheetings
Ducks
&c., &c., &c.

Terms, liberal. 5101

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

6000 FIRST-RATE SHEEP, AND 2000 HEAD OF CHOICE CATTLE, STOCK HORSES, IMPLEMENTS, STORES, &C.; ALSO, UNEXPIRED LEASE OF STATION AT KING'S PLAINS, AND RIGHT OF RUNS AT WELLINGTON AND NEW ENGLAND.

MR. MORT

Is instructed to offer for sale by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,

ON TUESDAY, THE 20TH OCTOBER NEXT,

At Twelve o'clock,

6000 SHEEP, of a superior description, of all ages and sexes, depasturing at King's Plains and Wellington, together with the unexpired lease of land at King's Plains.

ALSO, ABOUT

2000 HEAD OF CATTLE, of mixed sexes and ages, but with a larger proportion of bullocks, running at Jeogella, New England, *with the Station.*

ALSO,

The implements, stock horses, supplies, &c., of which a more particular account, with terms, will be given in a future advertisement. 5102

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

24,000 SHEEP
3,800 HEAD OF CATTLE
32 HORSES

THE MOST IMPORTANT SALE OF

STOCK,

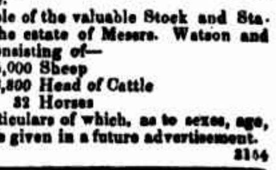
EVER OFFERED AT ONE TIME IN AUSTRALIA FELIX.

MR. GEORGE S. BRODIE has the honour to announce, that he has received instructions from Mr. H. W. Mason, Trustee, under an appointment, dated 9th August, 1842, to submit to public competition, on an early day, due notice of which will be given, at his Rooms, Elizabeth-street, Melbourne.

The whole of the valuable Stock and Stations, in the estate of Messrs. Watson and Hunter, consisting of—

24,000 Sheep
3,800 Head of Cattle
32 Horses

Full particulars of which, as to sexes, age, &c., will be given in a future advertisement. 3164



ŒDIPUS.

TO STAND THIS SEASON, AT EXETER FARM, BRAIDWOOD.

THIS THOROUGH-BRED STALLION was bred by the late Mr. Charles Smith.

Terms.—Ten Guineas each.

Braidwood, September 22. 4707

TO STAND AT YOWRIE,

YOUNG FARMER, by Mr. Badgery's imported Suffolk, out of a mare by Old Clyde, four years old, stands nearly sixteen hands high, and allowed to be one of the best cart colts ever bred in the colony; with the strength of an elephant, he has the activity of a pony. The terms, £1, and 5s. groomage. A large well-watered paddock, but the owner will not be responsible for any accidents. All mares to be removed by the 1st of January; after that, 2s. a week will be charged.

5055 H. G. LINTOTT.

TO STAND, at St. Helier's, the thorough-bred horse

CARRINGTON.

Single Mares ... .£2 10s.
Two or more, same proprietor £2
If exceeding four, ditto..£1 10s.

Application to be made to J. H. Keys, Esq., Superintendent, St. Helier's. 5001

HOXTON PARK, CABRAMATTA,

WILL STAND THIS SEASON, AT THE ABOVE ESTATE, THE IMPORTED HORSE

"RAINBOW."

PER SHIP "MARGARET," CAPTAIN BUDGE, 1843.

RAINBOW is a bright bay, with black points, stands 16½ hands high, was, at period of shipment, considered by W. Wetherall, Esq., of Durham, as good a stallion as could be procured in either that county or Northumberland; and by Mr. Armstrong, V. S., as more adapted than any other horse in the country for propagating stock either for the general purposes of the colony, or the India market.

PEDIGREE:

Rainbow, bay horse, three years old in April, 1841, got by Sovereign; dam, Golden Pippin by Agar's Rainbow, that was sold for 400 guineas; Sovereign by old Topper, dam, by Hero, g. dam, Bameleto horse, g. g. dam, Thomas Hardy's old horse.

	£	s.	d.	
Terms..........	2	10	0	Each Mare.
Groomage fee ..	0	3	0	

Extensive, secure, and well-watered paddocks; but the proprietor will not be responsible in event of loss or casualties occurring. All mares to be removed on or before 1st January, 1847, and to be paid for prior to removal. 4858

"CANTATOR."

THE thorough-bred imported horse CANTATOR will stand this season, at Eagle Vale, near Campbelltown, the estate of R. P. Jenkins, Esq., J.P.

PEDIGREE.

"Cantator" by Rubini, by St. Patrick, dam, Phantassima, by Phantom. All further particulars can be had at Eagle Vale.

Cantator is a bright bay, stands very nearly 16 hands high, and is very generally and justly admired, and his stock equally so.

Terms.—For one mare, four guineas; for two or more, three and a half guineas each, groomage five shillings.

Every attention will be paid to mares, but no risk incurred.

Payment to be made by 1st January, 1847, and before the removal of the mares.

Bangus, Murrumbidgee,
15th August. 2775

"SIR CHARLES."

TO STAND THIS SEASON,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPRIETOR, WALLGROVE, AND ALSO AT HIS FARM, MOUNT VERNON, SOUTH CREEK,

THE celebrated Colonial thorough-bred horse

SIR CHARLES.

PEDIGREE.

By the imported horse Gratis, out of the imported mare Lorina (bred by Sir Charles Bunbury), her dam by Smolensko, out of Hoitititi, by Highflyer.

Sir Charles, at the Penrith Show, in 1845, obtained the medal for the best colonial thorough-bred stallion.

Paddocks, both at Wallgrove and Mount Vernon, will be provided; but the proprietor will not be responsible for accidents or losses.

TERMS.

Four Guineas each Mare; groomage 5s.

CHARLES ROBERTS,
Wallgrove.
September 11. 4125

Printed and Published by CHARLES KEMP *and* JOHN FAIRFAX, *at the* Morning Herald *Printing Office, Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales, Wednesday, September* 30, 1846.